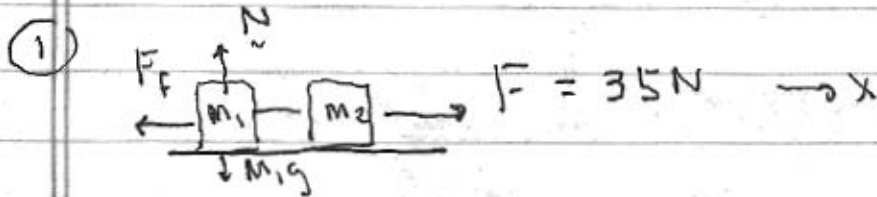


Solutions: Exam 2 Springs '08

①

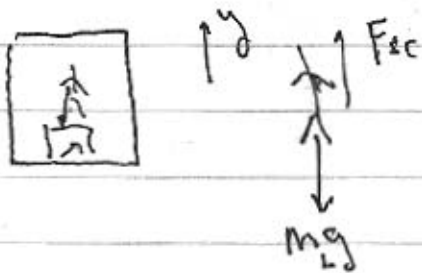


$$F - \mu_k M_1 g = (M_1 + M_2) a_x$$

$$a_x = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\mu_k = \frac{F - (M_1 + M_2) a_x}{M_1 g} = \frac{35 - 10 \times 2}{5 \times 9.8} = \boxed{0.306}$$

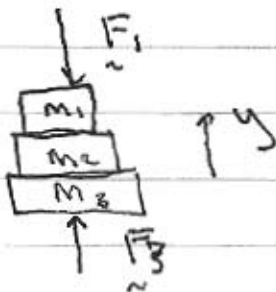
②



$$F_{sc} - m_2 g = m_2 a_y$$

$$F_{sc} = m_2 (g + a_y) = 50 \left(9.8 + \frac{10}{3} \right) \text{ N} = \boxed{655 \text{ N}}$$

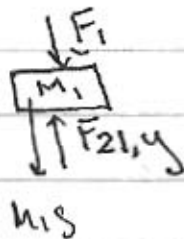
③



$$F_3 - F_1 - (m_1 + m_2 + m_3) g = (m_1 + m_2 + m_3) a_y$$

$$100 - 50 - (12) \times 9.8 = 12 a_y$$

$$a_y = -5.63 \text{ m/s}^2$$



$$F_{21,y} - F_1 = m_1 a_y$$

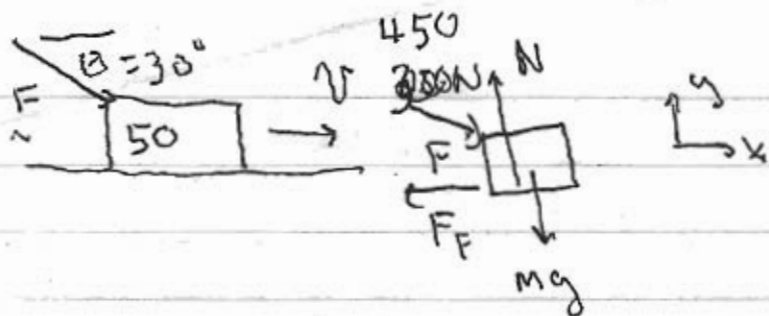
$$F_{21,y} = F_1 + m_1 a_y = 50 - 2 \times 5.63 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{21,y} = \boxed{39 \text{ N}} + 19.6 \text{ N} = \boxed{58.6 \text{ N}}$$

Solutions: Exam 2 Spring '08

(2)

(4)



$$\sum \text{FORCES} = Ma$$

$$x: F \cos \theta - F_f = Ma_x \quad y: N - F \sin \theta - Mg = 0$$

$$F_f = \mu_k N$$

$$N = F \sin \theta + Mg$$

$$F \cos \theta - \mu_k (F \sin \theta + Mg) = ma_x$$

$$F (\cos \theta - \mu_k \sin \theta) - \mu_k Mg = a_x$$

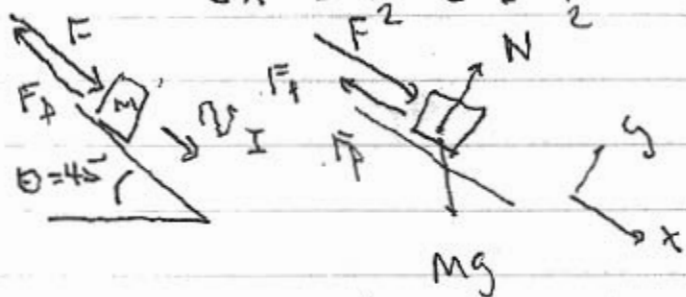
$$\frac{450}{50} (0.866 - 0.5 \times 0.5) - 0.5 \times 50 \times 9.8 = a_x$$

~~$$\frac{150}{245.6} =$$~~

$$\frac{297.2 - 245}{50} = a_x \quad a_x = 0.644 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{1}{2} a t^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.644 \times 9 \text{ m} = \boxed{2.9 \text{ m}}$$

(5)



$$x: F - F_f + Mg \sin \theta = Ma_x$$

$$y: N - Mg \cos \theta = 0$$

$$F_f = \mu_k N$$

$$[F - \mu_k (Mg \cos \theta) + Mg \sin \theta] / M = a_x$$

$$[250 - 0.6 (25 \times 9.8 \times 0.707) + 25 \times 9.8 \times 0.707] / 25 = a_x$$

$$[250 - 103.9 + 173.2] / 25 = a_x \Rightarrow a_x = 12.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a_x = (v_f - v_i) / t \Rightarrow t = (v_f - v_i) / a_x = 10 / 12.8 \text{ s} = \boxed{0.78 \text{ s}}$$

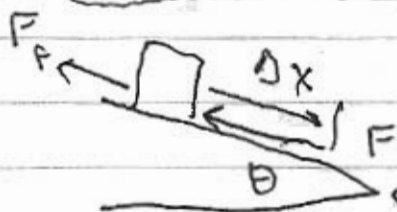
(6)

$$W_{nc} = \Delta \left(\frac{1}{2} m v^2 + mgy \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{nc} &= \Delta \left(\frac{1}{2} m v^2 \right) + mgy \Delta y \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 10^3 (64 - 4) + 2 \times 10^3 \times 9.8 \times (-10) \\ &= 6.0 \times 10^4 - 1.96 \times 10^5 \text{ J} \end{aligned}$$

$$W_{nc} = -1.36 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$$

(7)



$$\begin{aligned} -F \Delta x - F_f \Delta x &= \Delta \left(\frac{1}{2} m v^2 \right) + \Delta (mgh) \\ &= \Delta \left(\frac{1}{2} m v^2 \right) - mgy \Delta x \sin \theta \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \{ F + F_f - mgy \sin \theta \} \Delta x &= -\Delta \left(\frac{1}{2} m v^2 \right) \\ \{ 150 + \mu_k m g \cos \theta - m g \sin \theta \} \Delta x &= \frac{1}{2} m v_I^2 \end{aligned}$$

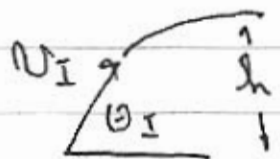
$$\{ 150 + 0.7 \times 25 \times 9.8 \times 0.866 - 25 \times 9.8 \times 0.5 \} \Delta x = \frac{1}{2} m v_I^2$$

$$\Delta x \{ 150 + 148.5 - 122.5 \} = 0.5 \times 25 \times 100$$

$$176 \Delta x = 1250$$

$$\Delta x = 7.1 \text{ m}$$

(8)



$$0 = \Delta \left(\frac{1}{2} m v^2 + mgy \right)$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{2} (v_I \cos \theta_I)^2 - \frac{1}{2} v_I^2 + gh$$

$$v_I^2 (1 - \cos^2 \theta_I) = 2gh$$

$$v_I = \left[2gh / (1 - \cos^2 \theta_I) \right]^{1/2}$$

$$= [2 \times 9.8 \times 10 / 0.75]^{1/2}$$

$$v_I = 16.2 \text{ m/s}$$