

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA

Part D, 20 August 2001, 14:00 - 17:00

D1. Using the Heisenberg uncertainty principle, demonstrate that:

(a) (6 points) electrons are unlikely to be primary constituents of atomic nuclei ($R \sim 10^{-14}$ m);

whereas

(b) (4 points) their existence within atoms ($R \sim 5 \times 10^{-11}$ m) is plausible.

D2. An athlete can throw a javelin 60 m from a standing position. Neglect air resistance and the height of the athlete.

(a) (4 points) If she can run at a speed of 10 m/s, how far can she hope to throw a javelin (with mass 500 g) while running? At what angle above the horizontal should she throw the javelin?

(b) (6 points) How far down a slope inclined at 10° with respect to the horizontal can this same athlete throw the javelin from a standing position? At what angle relative to the horizontal should she throw the javelin in this case?

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D3. A two-dimensional rotor has a moment of inertia I and dipole moment \vec{P} . In an external electric field $\vec{E} = E_x \hat{x}$, the interaction energy is

$$\mathcal{H}' = -\vec{P} \cdot \vec{E} ,$$

which can be regarded as a perturbation to the original Hamiltonian

$$\mathcal{H}_0 = \frac{L_\phi^2}{2I} .$$

- (a) (3 points) Obtain the eigen-energy and eigenfunction of the unperturbed Hamiltonian \mathcal{H}_0 .
- (b) (3 points) Find the first-order perturbation energy to \mathcal{H}_0 .
- (c) (3 points) Find the second order perturbation energies and eigen-functions for the ground state and the first excited state.
- (d) (1 point) Discuss the angular dependence of the probability function. Does the rotor prefer to align with the external field, in the ground state, or in the first excited state?