

Instructor(s): *N. Sullivan*PHYSICS DEPARTMENT  
Mid-Term Exam 3

PHY 2004

April 9, 2014

Name (print, last first): \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

*On my honor, I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid on this examination.***YOUR TEST NUMBER IS THE 5-DIGIT NUMBER AT THE TOP OF EACH PAGE.**

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 $g = 9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$

$R = 8314 \text{ J kmole}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ 

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1. (4 points) A volume of a gas mixture initially at  $27^\circ\text{C}$  is heated to a temperature of  $227^\circ\text{C}$ . At the same time the gas is compressed by a factor of 20 ( $V_{\text{Final}} = 1/20 V_{\text{Initial}}$ ). If the initial pressure is 1 atmosphere, what is the final pressure?  
 (1) 33 atmos.      (2) 27 atmos.      (3) 2.0 atmos.      (4) 17 atmos.      (5) 140 atmos.
2. (5 points) A log of wood floats in a pond with 15% of its volume above water. If the density of water is  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , what is the density of the wood?  
 (1)  $850 \text{ kg/m}^3$       (2)  $1150 \text{ kg/m}^3$       (3)  $95 \text{ kg/m}^3$       (4)  $15 \text{ kg/m}^3$       (5)  $150 \text{ g/m}^3$
3. (3 points) A 1 m length of a bungee cord has a circular cross-sectional area of  $1 \text{ cm}^2$ . If a force of 10 N is applied to the cord, it stretches 10 cm. What is the Young's modulus of the cord?  
 (1)  $10^6 \text{ Pa}$       (2) 1 GPa      (3) 150 GPa      (4) 0.15 GPa      (5) 10 MPa
4. (4 points) A  $5\text{m}^3$  tank of compressed natural gas has an absolute pressure of 4 kPa at a temperature of  $27^\circ\text{C}$ . What is the mass of the gas in the tank? 1 kmole of the gas weighs 16 kg.  
 (1) 0.16 kg      (2) 36.5 kg      (3) 1.61 kg      (4) 128 kg      (5) 6.42 kg
5. (4 points) A 10 meter length of steel changes temperature by  $20^\circ\text{C}$  during the course of a day. If the coefficient of thermal expansion of steel is 12 parts per million per  $^\circ\text{C}$ , what is the change in length of the steel?  
 (1) 2.4 mm      (2) 4.8 cm      (3) 28.4 mm      (4) 1.8 m      (5) 0.82 mm

Instructor(s): *N. Sullivan*PHYSICS DEPARTMENT  
Midterm Exam 3

PHY 2004

November 18, 2013

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$$g = 9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$$

1. (5 points) A piece of metal is weighed in air and then weighed while immersed in oil of density  $600 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . If the weight in air is  $3.40 \text{ kg}$  and the weight in the oil is  $2.64 \text{ kg}$ , calculate the density of the metal.
  - (1)  $2684 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - (2)  $2.64 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - (3)  $0.94 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - (4)  $46.8 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - (5)  $1320 \text{ kg/m}^3$
2. (3 points) A 15 meter length of aluminum with a cross-sectional area of  $20 \text{ cm}^2$  is compressed with a force of  $8,000 \text{ N}$ . If the Young's modulus of aluminum is  $150 \times 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2$ , what is the change in length of the steel beam?
  - (1)  $0.40 \text{ mm}$
  - (2)  $2.3 \text{ cm}$
  - (3)  $4.47 \text{ mm}$
  - (4)  $24 \text{ cm}$
  - (5)  $12.5 \text{ mm}$
3. (3 points) The wheel of a car is rotating at a speed of  $6.0 \text{ rev/s}$ . If the wheel has a diameter of  $30 \text{ cm}$ , how fast is the car traveling along its straight line path?
  - (1)  $5.65 \text{ m/s}$
  - (2)  $0.66 \text{ m/s}$
  - (3)  $14.2 \text{ m/s}$
  - (4)  $2.55 \text{ m/s}$
  - (5)  $42 \text{ m/s}$
4. (3 points) A 500 meter length of steel changes temperature by  $30^\circ\text{C}$  during the course of a day. If the coefficient of thermal expansion of steel is 12 parts per million per  $^\circ\text{C}$ , what is the change in length of the steel?
  - (1)  $18 \text{ cm}$
  - (2)  $1.44 \text{ cm}$
  - (3)  $72 \text{ mm}$
  - (4)  $1.8 \text{ m}$
  - (5)  $3.66 \text{ mm}$
5. (3 points) A satellite is circling a small planet at a speed of  $36 \text{ rev/day}$ . If the satellite's orbit has a diameter of  $300 \text{ km}$ , how fast is the satellite moving (at a tangent to the orbital path)?
  - (1)  $393 \text{ m/s}$
  - (2)  $4.7 \text{ m/s}$
  - (3)  $1940 \text{ m/s}$
  - (4)  $175 \text{ m/s}$
  - (5)  $0.175 \text{ m/s}$
6. (3 points) A certain point in the Gulf of Mexico is  $4384 \text{ m}$  deep. What is the pressure at this depth? The density of sea water is  $1025 \text{ kg/m}^3$ .
  - (1)  $44.9 \text{ MPa}$
  - (2)  $8.16 \text{ kPa}$
  - (3)  $14.5 \text{ Pa}$
  - (4)  $12,300 \text{ Pa}$
  - (5)  $110 \text{ kPa}$

Instructor(s): Z. Qiu

## PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

PHY 2004

Exam 3

November 20, 2009

Name (print, last first): \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

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Specific heat of water: $c = 1 \text{ cal/g} \cdot ^\circ\text{C}$	$g = 9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$
Density of water: $\rho_w = 1 \text{ g/cm}^3$	Density of air $1.20 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Universal gas constant: $R = 8.314 \text{ J/mole K}$	$1 \text{ atm} = 10^5 \text{ Pa}$
Heat of fusion for water: $H_f = 80 \text{ cal/g}$	
Heat of vaporization for water: $H_v = 539 \text{ cal/g}$	

1. In order to determine the thermal conductivity of a material, one measures the heat flow through it. It is found that 1000 cal flow in 2 minutes through a  $3\text{-cm}^2$  area that is  $0.2 \text{ cm}$  thick. The temperature difference is maintained at  $90^\circ\text{F}$ . What is the  $k$  for this material (in  $\text{cal/cm} \cdot \text{s} \cdot ^\circ\text{C}$ )?
  - (1)  $1.11 \times 10^{-2}$
  - (2)  $0.82 \times 10^{-2}$
  - (3)  $2.72 \times 10^{-3}$
  - (4)  $3.15 \times 10^{-2}$
  - (5)  $1.52 \times 10^{-2}$
2. A 500-MW electric power plant has an efficiency of 32%. It loses its waste heat in large cooling towers at  $20^\circ\text{C}$ . If the plant operates at the maximum possible efficiency, what are the temperature of the hot reservoir (in  $^\circ\text{C}$ ) and the waste heat (in MJ) discharged per second respectively?
  - (1) 158, 1063
  - (2) 380, 1125
  - (3) 158, 325
  - (4) 380, 927
  - (5) 380, 355
3. The density of helium in a balloon is about  $0.175 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . How large in volume (in  $\text{m}^3$ ) must a balloon be if it is to lift a total load of 1200 kg? The 1200 kg includes the mass of the balloon but not the mass of helium in it.
  - (1) 1171
  - (2) 1025
  - (3) 976
  - (4) 1264
  - (5) 859
4. A gas is confined to a cylinder by a piston. Its original conditions are  $P = 3 \text{ atm}$ ,  $T = 20^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V = V_0$ . After compression,  $P = 30 \text{ atm}$  and  $V = V_0/6$ . What is the final temperature of the gas (in  $^\circ\text{C}$ )?
  - (1) 215.3
  - (2) 162.5
  - (3) 291.7
  - (4) 83.9
  - (5) 127.4
5. What will be the final water temperature when 3 kg of ice at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  and 0.6 kg of steam at  $100^\circ\text{C}$  are mixed together (in  $^\circ\text{C}$ )?
  - (1) 40
  - (2) 30
  - (3) 20
  - (4) 50
  - (5) Not enough information given to answer.
6. A long straight pipe with internal diameter  $2.50 \text{ cm}$  is standing vertically with its lower end plugged. The pipe is filled with water up to a level so that there is  $2.4 \text{ kg}$  of water in the pipe. What is the pressure due to water on the plug at the pipe's lower end?
  - (1) 48 kPa
  - (2) 520 Pa
  - (3) 5.0 Pa
  - (4) 9.6 kPa
  - (5) 2.8 Pa

7. A  $1.5 \text{ m}^3$ -volume tank holds oxygen gas ( $M = 32 \text{ g/mole}$ ) at the pressure of 500,000 Pa. The temperature is  $27^\circ\text{C}$ . Find the mass of oxygen in the tank (in kg).
- (1) 9.62                      (2) 7.45                      (3) 91.2                      (4) 13.24                      (5) 45.7
8. A ice chest is maintained at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  by ice placed in it. The chest has a total surface area of  $600 \text{ cm}^2$  and a thickness of 1 cm. The wall of the ice chest is of Styrofoam with thermal conductivity  $k = 2.3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cal}/(\text{cm s}^\circ\text{C})$ . How much ice will melt in the chest in 4 hours when the outside temperature is  $20^\circ\text{C}$  (in g)?
- (1) 500                      (2) 250                      (3) 375                      (4) 600                      (5) none of these
9. A wood block floats on water with 35% of its volume above the surface (of water), what is the average density of the block (in  $\text{kg/m}^3$ )?
- (1) 650                      (2) 720                      (3) 1300                      (4) 362                      (5) 830
10. The filament temperature of a light bulb is  $900^\circ\text{C}$  when the bulb delivers 40 W of power. If its emissivity remains constant, what power (in W) is delivered when the filament temperature is  $1300^\circ\text{C}$ ?
- (1) 129                      (2) 155                      (3) 102                      (4) 92                      (5) 65

Instructor(s): *N. Sullivan*PHYSICS DEPARTMENT  
Exam 3

November 19, 2010

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 $g = 9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$

$R = 8314 \text{ J/kmole/K}$ 

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1. (4 points) In the compression chamber of a diesel engine the volume of a gas mixture initially at  $27^\circ\text{C}$  is compressed by a factor of 20 ( $V_{\text{Final}} = 1/20 V_{\text{Initial}}$ ). If the pressure increases from 1 atmosphere to 50 atmospheres, what is the final temperature?
  - (1)  $477^\circ\text{C}$
  - (2)  $954^\circ\text{C}$
  - (3)  $273^\circ\text{C}$
  - (4)  $0^\circ\text{C}$
  - (5)  $1430^\circ\text{C}$
2. (5 points) A misshapen lump of metal is weighed in air and then weighed while immersed in oil of density  $800 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . If the weight in air is 2.2 kg and the weight in the oil is 1.2 kg, calculate the density of the metal.
  - (1)  $1760 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - (2)  $2650 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - (3)  $92 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - (4)  $36.8 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - (5)  $13.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$
3. (4 points) A 5 meter length of steel with a cross-sectional area of  $20 \text{ cm}^2$  is compressed with a force of 20,000 N. If the Young's modulus of steel is  $200 \times 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2$ , what is the change in length of the steel beam?
  - (1) 0.25 mm
  - (2) 2.5 cm
  - (3) 5.5 cm
  - (4) 0.11 cm
  - (5) 12.5 mm
4. (5 points) A cylinder of radius  $b$  has a moment of inertia  $I = (1/2)mb^2$ . The cylinder is rolled along a flat horizontal surface at speed  $v$  so that when it hits a ramp, it will travel to a height of 50 cm and then stop. What is the initial speed  $v$  of the cylinder?
  - (1) 2.6 m/s
  - (2) 5.25 m/s
  - (3) 12.2 m/s
  - (4) 1.22 m/s
  - (5) 52.5 m/s
5. (4 points) An object has a moment of inertia of  $2.56 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2$ . What is the value of the torque needed to accelerate the rotation of the object from rest to a rotation of 5 revolutions per second in 30 seconds?
  - (1)  $2.68 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$
  - (2)  $1.34 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$
  - (3)  $0.27 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$
  - (4)  $4.02 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$
  - (5)  $0 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$
6. (4 points) A  $5\text{m}^3$  tank of compressed helium gas has an absolute pressure of 4 kPa at a temperature of  $27^\circ\text{C}$ . What is the mass of the helium in the tank? 1 kmole of helium weighs 4 kg.
  - (1) 33 g
  - (2) 13.5 g
  - (3) 1.61 kg
  - (4) 0.35 kg
  - (5) 6.42 kg
7. (4 points) A 100 meter length of steel changes temperature by  $30^\circ\text{C}$  during the course of a day. If the coefficient of thermal expansion of steel is 12 parts per million per  $^\circ\text{C}$ , what is the change in length of the steel?
  - (1) 3.6 cm
  - (2) 7.2 cm
  - (3) 14.4 mm
  - (4) 1.8 m
  - (5) 0.18 cm



Instructor(s): *N. Sullivan*PHYSICS DEPARTMENT  
Midterm Exam 3

November 18, 2011

PHY 2004

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$$g = 9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$R = 8314 \text{ J/kmole K}$$

1. (4 points) A volume of gas initially at  $37^\circ\text{C}$  is compressed by a factor of 10 ( $V_{\text{Final}} = 1/10V_{\text{Initial}}$ ). If the pressure increases from 112 kPa to 1904 kPa, what is the final temperature?

- (1)  $254^\circ\text{C}$                       (2)  $855^\circ\text{C}$                       (3)  $473^\circ\text{C}$                       (4)  $0^\circ\text{C}$                       (5)  $1250^\circ\text{C}$

2. (5 points) A small piece of rock is weighed in air and then weighed while immersed in oil of density  $800 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . If the weight in air is 21.5 N and the weight in the oil is 11.8 N, calculate the density of the rock.

- (1)  $1750 \text{ kg/m}^3$                       (2)  $202.7 \text{ kg/m}^3$                       (3)  $1.38 \text{ kg/m}^3$                       (4)  $13.68 \text{ kg/m}^3$                       (5)  $9710 \text{ kg/m}^3$

3. (4 points) A 15 meter length of steel with a cross-sectional area of  $20 \text{ cm}^2$  is compressed with a force of 10,000 N. If the Young's modulus of steel is  $200 \times 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2$ , what is the change in length of the steel beam?

- (1) 0.38 mm                      (2) 2.3 cm                      (3) 4.47 mm                      (4) 0.19 cm                      (5) 12.5 mm

4. (4 points) A  $10 \text{ m}^3$  tank of compressed natural gas has an absolute pressure of 400 kPa at a temperature of  $27^\circ\text{C}$ . What is the mass of the gas in the tank? 1 kmole of natural gas weighs 16 kg.  $R = 8314 \text{ J/kmole K}$ .

- (1) 25.6 kg                      (2) 288 g                      (3) 196 g                      (4) 16.1 kg                      (5) 642 kg

5. (4 points) A 200 meter length of steel rail changes temperature by  $30^\circ\text{C}$  during the course of a day. If the coefficient of thermal expansion of steel is 12 parts per million per  $^\circ\text{C}$ , what is the change in length of the steel?

- (1) 72 mm                      (2) 1.44 cm                      (3) 14.4 mm                      (4) 1.8 m                      (5) 3.66 mm

6. (3 points) How much water at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  is required to cool a 200 kg human by  $1^\circ\text{C}$ . The heat capacity of the human body is  $3500 \text{ J/kg/K}$  and the heat capacity of water is  $4184 \text{ J/kg/K}$ .

- (1) 167 kg                      (2) 239 kg                      (3) 83.5 kg                      (4) 23.9 kg                      (5) 200 kg

7. (3 points) An engine operating in an ideal Carnot cycle involves an isothermal compression of  $2 \text{ m}^3$  of helium gas at  $200^\circ\text{C}$  and an isothermal compression of the gas at  $50^\circ\text{C}$ . What is the efficiency of this engine?

- (1) 31.7%                      (2) 75%                      (3) 100%                      (4) 63.4%                      (5) 87%

8. (4 points) A steel cylinder contains helium gas at a gauge pressure of 100 kPa and at a temperature of  $27^\circ\text{C}$ . The gas is heated and moves a piston in the cylinder 8 cm with the pressure held constant. If the area of the piston is  $150 \text{ cm}^2$  and the mass is 7 kg, calculate the work done by the gas.

- (1) 120 J                      (2) 1200 J                      (3) 256 J                      (4) 2560 J                      (5) 0 J

Instructor(s): Z. Qiu

## PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

PHY 2004

Exam 3

April 8, 2009

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Young modulus of steel:	200 GPa
Density of water:	1 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Specific heat of water:	$c = 1 \text{ cal/g} \cdot ^\circ\text{C}$
Specific heat of ice:	$c = 0.5 \text{ cal/g} \cdot ^\circ\text{C}$
Volume expansion coefficient of benzene:	$\beta = 1.24 \times 10^{-3} / ^\circ\text{C}$
Universal gas constant:	$R = 8.314 \text{ J/mole K}$
1 atm = 100 kPa	1 cal = 4.18 J

1. A steel girder has a cross-sectional area of  $150 \text{ cm}^2$ . How large a tensile force would be required to lengthen the girder by 0.01 percent (in N)?  
 (1)  $3.0 \times 10^5$                       (2)  $2.5 \times 10^5$                       (3)  $3.5 \times 10^5$                       (4)  $4.0 \times 10^5$                       (5)  $4.5 \times 10^5$
2. A certain piece of metal weighs 1.68 N in air and 0.82 N when submerged in water. What is the mass density of the metal (in g/cm<sup>3</sup>)?  
 (1) 1.95                      (2) 2.37                      (3) 2.54                      (4) 2.93                      (5) 2.18
3. A gas is confined to a cylinder by a piston. Its original conditions are  $P = 3 \text{ atm}$ ,  $T = 20^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V = V_0$ . After compression,  $P = 30 \text{ atm}$  and  $V = V_0/6$ . What is the final temperature of the gas (in  $^\circ\text{C}$ )?  
 (1) 215.3                      (2) 162.5                      (3) 291.7                      (4) 83.9                      (5) 127.4
4. A certain amount of benzene occupies  $500 \text{ cm}^3$  at  $10^\circ\text{C}$ . What will its volume be at  $35^\circ\text{C}$  (in cm<sup>3</sup>)?  
 (1) 516                      (2) 527                      (3) 504                      (4) 510                      (5) 518
5. A 10.0 cm internal diameter pipe is standing vertically with its lower end plugged. The pipe is filled with water up to a level so that there is 19.2 kg of water in the pipe. What is the pressure of the water on the plug at the pipe's lower end?  
 (1) 24 kPa                      (2) 240 Pa                      (3) 2.5 Pa                      (4) 4.8 Pa                      (5) 1.4 Pa
6. An ideal gas is confined to a vertical cylinder by a 2 kg piston. When 3 cal of heat is added to the gas, the piston lifts 30 cm. The change in internal energy of the gas is (in J)  
 (1) 6.66                      (2) 5.24                      (3) 4.19                      (4) 8.21                      (5) 2.94



7. How much heat (in kcal) must be added to 3 kg of ice at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  in order to change it to water at  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$ ?
- (1) 420                      (2) 350                      (3) 620                      (4) 200                      (5) 160
8. An ideal Carnot engine operates between two reservoirs which are at the temperatures  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $200^{\circ}\text{C}$ . For each 100 J heat energy taken in, how much heat (in J) is exhausted?
- (1) 78.9                      (2) 50.0                      (3) 21.1                      (4) 73.2                      (5) 26.8
9. Gas in a  $100\text{ cm}^3$  container has an absolute pressure  $3.3 \times 10^5\text{ Pa}$  at  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . What absolute pressure will it have at  $120^{\circ}\text{C}$ ?
- (1)  $4.4 \times 10^5$                       (2)  $1.3 \times 10^5$                       (3)  $3.1 \times 10^5$                       (4)  $6.8 \times 10^3$                       (5)  $6.4 \times 10^5$
10. The filament temperature of a light bulb is 2000 K when the bulb delivers 40 W of power. If its emissivity remains constant, what power (in W) is delivered when the filament temperature is 2500 K?
- (1) 98                      (2) 105                      (3) 62                      (4) 50                      (5) 45



Instructor(s): Z. Qiu

PHYSICS DEPARTMENT  
Exam 3

PHY 2004

April 7, 2010

Name (print, last first): \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

*On my honor, I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid on this examination.***YOUR TEST NUMBER IS THE 5-DIGIT NUMBER AT THE TOP OF EACH PAGE.**

- (1) **Code your test number on your answer sheet (use lines 76–80 on the answer sheet for the 5-digit number).** Code your name on your answer sheet. **DARKEN CIRCLES COMPLETELY.** Code your UFID number on your answer sheet.
- (2) Print your name on this sheet and sign it also.
- (3) Do all scratch work anywhere on this exam that you like. **Circle your answers on the test form.** At the end of the test, this exam printout is to be turned in. No credit will be given without both answer sheet and printout.
- (4) **Blacken the circle of your intended answer completely, using a #2 pencil or blue or black ink.** Do not make any stray marks or some answers may be counted as incorrect.
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Young modulus of steel	200 GPa
Density of water	1 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Volume expansion coefficient of benzene	$\beta = 1.24 \times 10^{-3}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
Specific heat of water	$c = 1 \text{ cal}/g \cdot ^{\circ}\text{C}$
Heat of fusion for water	$H_f = 80 \text{ cal}/g$
Heat of vaporization for water	$H_v = 539 \text{ cal}/g$
1 atm = 100 kPa	

1. A steel girder has a cross-sectional area of 50 cm<sup>2</sup>. How large a tensile force would be required to lengthen the girder by 0.03 percent (in N)?  
 (1)  $3.0 \times 10^5$                       (2)  $2.5 \times 10^5$                       (3)  $3.5 \times 10^5$                       (4)  $4.0 \times 10^5$                       (5)  $4.5 \times 10^5$
2. A certain piece of metal weighs 1.68 N in air and 0.77 N when submerged in water. What is the mass density of the metal (in g/cm<sup>3</sup>)?  
 (1) 1.85                      (2) 2.37                      (3) 2.54                      (4) 2.93                      (5) 2.18
3. A gas is confined to a cylinder by a piston. Its original conditions are  $P = 3 \text{ atm}$ ,  $T = 20^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $V = V_0$ . After compression,  $P = 30 \text{ atm}$  and  $V = V_0/6$ . What is the final temperature of the gas (in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )?  
 (1) 215.3                      (2) 162.5                      (3) 291.7                      (4) 83.9                      (5) 127.4
4. A certain amount of benzene occupies 500 cm<sup>3</sup> at 10 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ . What will its volume be at 35 $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (in cm<sup>3</sup>)?  
 (1) 516                      (2) 527                      (3) 504                      (4) 510                      (5) 518
5. A 2.50 cm internal diameter pipe is standing vertically with its lower end plugged. The pipe is filled with water up to a level so that there is 1200 g of water in the pipe. What is the pressure of the water on the plug at the pipe's lower end?  
 (1) 24 kPa                      (2) 240 Pa                      (3) 2.5 Pa                      (4) 4.8 Pa                      (5) 1.4 Pa

6. In order to determine the thermal conductivity of a material, one measures the heat flow through it. It is found that 1000 cal flow in 2 minutes through a  $3\text{-cm}^2$  area that is 0.2 cm thick. The temperature difference is maintained at  $90^\circ\text{F}$ . What is the  $k$  for this material (in  $\text{cal/cm}\cdot\text{s}\cdot^\circ\text{C}$ )?
- (1)  $1.11 \times 10^{-2}$       (2)  $0.82 \times 10^{-2}$       (3)  $2.72 \times 10^{-3}$       (4)  $3.15 \times 10^{-2}$       (5)  $1.52 \times 10^{-2}$
7. A 500-MW electric power plant has an efficiency of 32%. It loses its waste heat in large cooling towers at  $20^\circ\text{C}$ . If the plant operates at the maximum possible efficiency, what are the temperature of the hot reservoir (in  $^\circ\text{C}$ ) and the waste heat (in MJ) discharged per second respectively?
- (1) 158, 1063      (2) 380, 1125      (3) 158, 325      (4) 380, 927      (5) 380, 355
8. What will be the final water temperature when 3 kg of ice at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  and 0.6 kg of steam at  $100^\circ\text{C}$  are mixed together (in  $^\circ\text{C}$ )?
- (1) 40      (2) 30      (3) 20      (4) 50      (5) Not enough information given to answer.
9. The filament temperature of a light bulb is  $900^\circ\text{C}$  when the bulb delivers 40 W of power. If its emissivity remains constant, what power (in W) is delivered when the filament temperature is  $1300^\circ\text{C}$ ?
- (1) 129      (2) 155      (3) 102      (4) 92      (5) 65
10. An ideal gas is confined to a vertical cylinder by a 3 kg piston. When 3 cal of heat is added to the gas, the piston lifts 20 cm. The change in internal energy of the gas is (in J)
- (1) 6.67      (2) 5.24      (3) 4.19      (4) 8.21      (5) 2.94

Instructor(s): *N. Sullivan*PHYSICS DEPARTMENT  
Exam 3

PHY 2004

April 6, 2011

Name (print, last first): \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

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$$g = 9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$R = 8314 \text{ J/kmole/K}$$

1. (4 points) A volume of a gas mixture initially at  $27^\circ\text{C}$  is compressed by a factor of 20 ( $V_{\text{Final}} = 1/20V_{\text{Initial}}$ ). If the pressure increases from 1 atmosphere to 40 atmospheres, what is the final temperature?
  - (1)  $327^\circ\text{C}$
  - (2)  $954^\circ\text{C}$
  - (3)  $273^\circ\text{C}$
  - (4)  $0^\circ\text{C}$
  - (5)  $1430^\circ\text{C}$
2. (6 points) A misshapen lump of metal is weighed in air and then weighed while immersed in oil of density  $800 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . If the weight in air is 22 g and the weight in the oil is 12 g, calculate the density of the metal.
  - (1)  $1760 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - (2)  $2650 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - (3)  $92 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - (4)  $36.8 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - (5)  $13.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$
3. (3 points) A 1 meter length of solid rubber has a circular cross-sectional area of  $1 \text{ cm}^2$ . If the rubber is stretched with a force of 10 N, what is the total increase in length if the Young's modulus of rubber is  $10^6 \text{ Pa}$ ?
  - (1) 10 cm
  - (2) 2 mm
  - (3) 0.1 mm
  - (4) 10 mm
  - (5) 0.01 mm
4. (5 points) A cylinder of radius  $b$  has a moment of inertia  $I = (1/2)mb^2$  where  $m$  is the mass. The cylinder is rolled along a flat horizontal surface at speed  $v$  so that when it hits a ramp, it will travel to a height of 50 cm and then stop. What is the initial speed  $v$  of the cylinder?
  - (1) 2.6 m/s
  - (2) 5.25 m/s
  - (3) 12.2 m/s
  - (4) 1.22 m/s
  - (5) 52.5 m/s
5. (4 points) An object has a moment of inertia of  $5.12 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2$ . What is the value of the torque needed to accelerate the rotation of the object from rest to a rotation of 5 revolutions per second in 30 seconds?
  - (1)  $5.36 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$
  - (2)  $1.34 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$
  - (3)  $0.27 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$
  - (4)  $14.2 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$
  - (5)  $0 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$
6. (4 points) A  $5 \text{ m}^3$  tank of compressed natural gas has an absolute pressure of 4 kPa at a temperature of  $27^\circ\text{C}$ . What is the mass of the natural gas in the tank? 1 kmole of natural gas weighs 16 kg.
  - (1) 0.128 kg
  - (2) 36.5 kg
  - (3) 1.61 kg
  - (4) 1.3 g
  - (5) 6.42 kg
7. (4 points) A 10 meter length of steel changes temperature by  $20^\circ\text{C}$  during the course of a day. If the coefficient of thermal expansion of steel is 12 parts per million per  $^\circ\text{C}$ , what is the change in length of the steel?
  - (1) 2.4 mm
  - (2) 4.8 cm
  - (3) 28.8 mm
  - (4) 1.8 m
  - (5) 0.82 mm