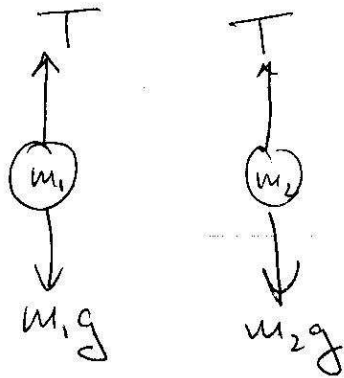


Atwood's Machine - Newton's Second Law



$$T - m_1g = m_1a \quad T - m_2g = -m_2a$$

Eliminate T : ~~add~~ subtract equations

$$\begin{array}{r} T - m_1g = m_1a \\ -(T - m_2g = -m_2a) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$m_2g - m_1g = m_1a + m_2a$$

$$a = \frac{m_2 - m_1}{m_1 + m_2} g = \frac{10}{310} g = 0.316$$

~~0.32~~

$$\Delta x = 1.66 \text{ m} \quad \Delta t = 4.2 \text{ sec}$$

$$v = v_0 + at$$

$$= 0 + \frac{g}{2} \Delta t$$

$$v^2 = v_0^2 + 2a\Delta x$$

$$= 2a\Delta x$$

$$\rightarrow a^2(\Delta t)^2 = 2a\Delta x$$

$$0.188$$

$$a = \frac{0.188}{(4.2)^2}$$

$$0.256 (3.6 \text{ s})$$

$$a = \frac{2\Delta x}{(\Delta t)^2}$$

$$\text{for } a = 0.316 \quad \Delta t = \sqrt{\frac{2\Delta x}{a}} = 3.24 \text{ sec}$$

Atwood's Machine - Energy

No friction, gravity conservative force

$$W_{nc} = 0 : KE_i + PE_i = KE_f + PE_f$$

$$0 + m_2 g \Delta y = \frac{(m_1 + m_2)}{2} v_f^2 + m_1 g \Delta y$$

$$\frac{m_1 + m_2}{2} v_f^2 = (m_2 - m_1) g \Delta y$$

$$v_f^2 = \frac{m_2 - m_1}{m_2 + m_1} 2g \Delta y$$

But from kinematics $v_f^2 = v_0^2 + 2a \Delta y$

$$2a \Delta y = \frac{m_2 - m_1}{m_2 + m_1} 2g \Delta y$$

$$a = \frac{m_2 - m_1}{m_2 + m_1} g$$

No information about time Δt

For measurement use kinematics:

$$v_f = v_0 + at \quad \text{and} \quad v_f^2 = v_0^2 + 2a \Delta y$$

$$(at)^2 = 2a \Delta y$$

$$\Delta t = \sqrt{\frac{2 \Delta y}{a}} \quad \text{or} \quad a = \frac{2 \Delta y}{(\Delta t)^2}$$