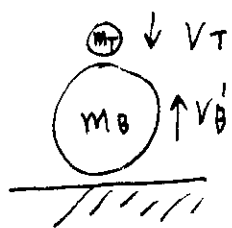


Energy conservation

$$mgh = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \Rightarrow v^2 = 2gh \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} v_B &= -4.85 \text{ m/s} \\ v_T &= -4.85 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$

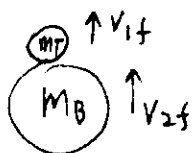


Basketball bounce back with velocity v_B'

$$v_B' = -v_B = +4.85 \text{ m/s}$$

Basketball and tennis balls collide

After collision



Momentum conservation $m_1v_{1i} + m_2v_{2i} = m_1v_{1f} + m_2v_{2f}$

$$m_1 = m_B \quad v_{1i} = v_B' = 4.85 \text{ m/s}$$

$$m_2 = m_T \quad v_{2i} = v_T = -4.85 \text{ m/s}$$

$v_{BF} =$ velocity of basketball after collision

$v_{TF} =$ velocity of tennis ball after collision

$$0.59 \times 4.85 + 0.057(-4.85) = 0.59 v_{BF} + 0.057 v_{TF}$$

$$0.59 v_{BF} + 0.057 v_{TF} = 2.58$$

Elastic collision $KE_f = KE_i$

$$\frac{1}{2}m_B v_B'^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_T v_T^2 = \frac{1}{2}m_B v_{BF}^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_T v_{TF}^2$$

For 1D, elastic collisions

Conservation of momentum $m_1 V_{1i} + m_2 V_{2i} = m_1 V_{1f} + m_2 V_{2f}$
 $m_1 (V_{1i} - V_{1f}) = m_2 (V_{2f} - V_{2i})$ ①

Conservation of energy $\frac{1}{2} m_1 V_{1i}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 V_{2i}^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 V_{1f}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 V_{2f}^2$
 $m_1 (V_{1i}^2 - V_{1f}^2) = m_2 (V_{2f}^2 - V_{2i}^2)$

$m_1 (V_{1i} - V_{1f})(V_{1i} + V_{1f}) = m_2 (V_{2f} - V_{2i})(V_{2f} + V_{2i})$ ②

$\frac{\textcircled{2}}{\textcircled{1}} \frac{m_1 (V_{1i} - V_{1f})(V_{1i} + V_{1f})}{m_1 (V_{1i} - V_{1f})} = \frac{m_2 (V_{2f} - V_{2i})(V_{2f} + V_{2i})}{m_2 (V_{2f} - V_{2i})}$

$$V_{1i} + V_{1f} = V_{2f} + V_{2i}$$

or
$$\underbrace{V_{1i} - V_{2i}}_{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{Initial velocity of 1 relative to 2}}} = - \underbrace{(V_{1f} - V_{2f})}_{\substack{\text{Final velocity of 1 relative to 2}}}$$

Back to #73.

$$V_{1i} + V_{1f} = V_{2i} + V_{2f}$$

$$V_B' + V_{BF} = V_T + V_{TF}$$

$$4.85 + V_{BF} = -4.85 + V_{TF}$$

$$V_{BF} - V_{TF} = -9.7$$

$$\begin{cases} 0.59 V_{BF} + 0.057 V_{TF} = 2.58 \\ V_{BF} - V_{TF} = -9.7 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} V_{BF} = 3.11 \text{ m/s} \\ V_{TF} = 12.81 \text{ m/s} \end{cases}$$

both go up

AFTER collision, apply conservation of energy for tennis ball

$$\frac{1}{2} m_T V_{TF}^2 = m_T g h_T$$

$$h_T = V_{TF}^2 / 2g = 8.37 \text{ m}$$

compare to $h = 1.2 \text{ m}$.

Ballistic pendulum

Find V_{ii} , given m_1 , m_2 & h

Momentum conservation

$$m_1 V_{ii} + m_2 (0) = (m_1 + m_2) (V_f)$$

$$V_f = \frac{m_1}{m_1 + m_2} V_{ii}$$

Energy conservation after the collision

$$\frac{1}{2} (m_1 + m_2) V_f^2 = (m_1 + m_2) g h$$

$$V_f = \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$\sqrt{2gh} = \frac{m_1}{m_1 + m_2} V_{ii}$$

$$V_{ii} = \left(\frac{m_1 + m_2}{m_1} \right) \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$m_1 = 0.057 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = 0.203 \text{ kg} \Rightarrow V_{ii} = 6.39 \text{ m/s}$$

$$h = 0.1 \text{ m}$$