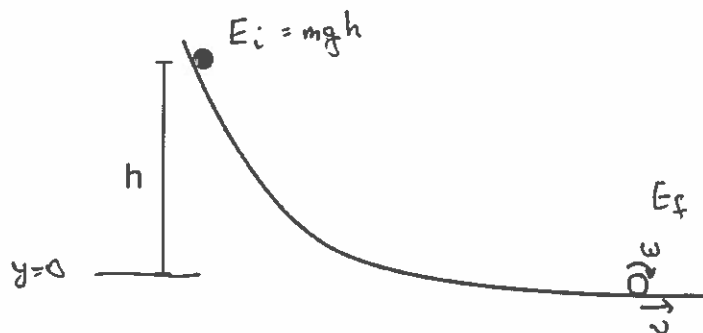


PHY2053 Health, Summer C 2016

Quiz 5

Date: Thursday, July 7, 2016

Problem 1: A solid sphere of mass $m = 1.5$ kg and radius $r = 0.10$ m sits a height $h = 5.0$ m above the base of a curved ramp. When the sphere is released, it rolls without slipping down the ramp. Calculate the difference in speed at the base of the ramp between the rolling sphere and a block of the same mass that slides without friction from the same initial height. If there is a difference, which object is traveling faster? Explain your answer.



Ball: $E_i = mgh$

$$E_f = \frac{1}{2} m v_{\text{ball}}^2 + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} I \omega^2}_{\text{rotational KE}}$$

all without slipping $v = r\omega \rightarrow \omega = \frac{v_{\text{ball}}}{r}$

use $I = \frac{2}{5} m r^2$ for sphere

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow E_f &= \frac{1}{2} m v_{\text{ball}}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{5} m r^2 \right) \left(\frac{v_{\text{ball}}}{r} \right)^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} m \left(1 + \frac{2}{5} \right) v_{\text{ball}}^2 \\ &= \frac{7}{10} m v_{\text{ball}}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$E_i = E_f \rightarrow mgh = \frac{7}{10} m v_{\text{ball}}^2$$

$$v_{\text{ball}} = \sqrt{\frac{10}{7} gh} = 8.45 \text{ m/s}$$

Block: $E_i = mgh$

$$E_f = \frac{1}{2} m v_{\text{block}}^2 \quad \text{no rotation}$$

$$\rightarrow E_i = E_f$$

$$mgh = \frac{1}{2} m v_{\text{block}}^2$$

$$v_{\text{block}} = \sqrt{2gh} = 10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta v &= v_{\text{block}} - v_{\text{ball}} \\ &= 1.55 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$

and the block travels faster. All the initial PE went into translation and wasn't split between rotation.

Problem 2: A city businessman and a grizzled outdoorsman (think Robert Downey Jr. and Kris Kristofferson, resp.) decide to take a trek out into the snow one evening. The businessman wears sleek, pointy shoes, designed for a slim profile, while the outdoorsman wears large, lumbering snowshoes. Assume that each man weighs the same.

- (a) If the bottom of the snowshoes have 3 times as much surface area compared to the business shoes, how much pressure does the businessman exert on the surface of the snow compared to the outdoorsman?
- (b) If the businessman has a mass of 70 kg and each of his shoes has an area of $.004 \text{ m}^2$, how much pressure does he exert on the ground while standing still (on both feet)?

(a)

$$P_{\text{business}} = \frac{\text{Weight}_{\text{bus}}}{A_{\text{business}}} \quad P_{\text{outdoors}} = \frac{\text{Weight}_{\text{outdoor}}}{A_{\text{outdoors}}} \quad \text{Weights are the same!}$$

$$A_{\text{outdoors}} = 3 A_{\text{business}}$$

Then

$$\frac{P_{\text{bus}}}{P_{\text{out}}} = \frac{A_{\text{out}}}{A_{\text{bus}}} = 3 \quad \text{so} \quad P_{\text{business}} = 3 P_{\text{outdoors}}$$

(b) Given $m_b = 70 \text{ kg}$ and $A_{\text{shoe}} = 0.004 \text{ m}^2$, then

$$P = \frac{m_b g}{2 A_{\text{shoe}}} = \frac{(70)(10)}{2 (0.004)} = 8750 \text{ Pa}$$

↑
2 shoes!