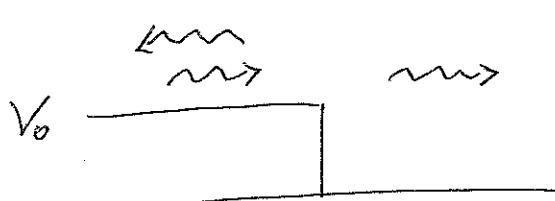


Name:

Quiz 4

In one dimension a particle moves in a potential $V(x) = V_0 > 0$ for $x < 0$, and $V(x) = 0$ for $x > 0$.

1. Write down the wave function for a particle incident from the left with $E > V_0$. Make sure to specify the wave vectors in terms of the energy.



$$k_1 = \sqrt{2m(E - V_0)/\hbar^2}$$

$$k_2 = \sqrt{2mE/\hbar^2}$$

$$\psi(x < 0) = Ae^{ik_1 x} + A'e^{-ik_1 x}$$

$$\psi(x > 0) = Be^{ik_2 x}$$

2. Write down the boundary conditions at $x = 0$.

$$\psi(0) = A + A' = B$$

$$\psi'(0) = ik_1(A - A') = ik_2 B \rightarrow A - A' = \frac{k_2}{k_1} B$$

3. Solve for the transmission probability.

$$2A = \left(1 + \frac{k_2}{k_1}\right)B$$

$$\rightarrow T = \frac{k_2 |B|^2}{k_1 |A|^2} = \frac{k_2}{k_1} \left(\frac{2}{1 + \frac{k_2}{k_1}} \right)^2 = \boxed{\frac{4k_1 k_2}{(k_1 + k_2)^2}}$$

$$\text{check: } R = \frac{|A'|^2}{|A|^2} \frac{k_1}{k_2} = \left(\frac{1 - \frac{k_2}{k_1}}{1 + \frac{k_2}{k_1}} \right)^2 = \frac{(k_1 - k_2)^2}{(k_1 + k_2)^2}$$

$$\rightarrow R + T = 1$$