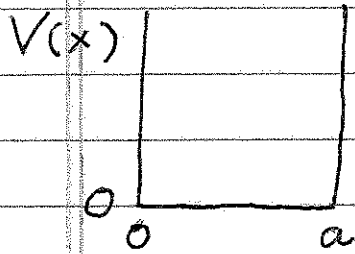


Review last time:



Solutions of infinite square well:

$$\psi_n(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi n x}{a}\right)$$

$$E_n = \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \left(\frac{\pi n}{a}\right)^2$$

Orthonormality:  $\int_0^a dx \psi_n^*(x) \psi_m(x) dx = \delta_{mn}$

Completeness:  $f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \psi_n(x)$ , where

$$c_n = \int_0^a \psi_n^*(x) f(x) dx.$$

or equivalently:  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \psi_n^*(x) \psi_n(x') = \delta(x-x')$

Normalization:  $f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \psi_n(x)$

$$\int_0^a f^*(x) f(x) dx =$$

$$= \int_0^a \left( \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} c_m^* \psi_m^*(x) \right) \left( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \psi_n(x) \right) dx$$

$$= \sum_{m,n=1}^{\infty} c_m^* c_n \int_0^a \psi_m^*(x) \psi_n(x) dx$$

$$= \sum_{m,n=1}^{\infty} c_m^* c_n \delta_{m,n} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |c_n|^2 = 1$$

Time evolution:

$$\text{If } \psi(x, 0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \psi_n(x),$$

$$\text{then } \psi(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \psi_n(x) e^{-\frac{iE_n t}{\hbar}}.$$

### Expectation values:

$$\langle H \rangle = \int \psi^*(x, t) H \psi(x, t) dx$$

$$= \int \left( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n^* e^{\frac{iE_n t}{\hbar}} \psi_n^*(x) \right)$$

$$H \left( \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} c_m e^{-\frac{iE_m t}{\hbar}} \psi_m(x) \right) dx$$

$$= \int \left( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n^* e^{\frac{iE_n t}{\hbar}} \psi_n^*(x) \right)$$

$$\left( \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} c_m e^{-\frac{iE_m t}{\hbar}} E_m \psi_m(x) \right) dx$$

$$= \sum_{m, n=1}^{\infty} c_n^* c_m e^{-\frac{i(E_m - E_n)t}{\hbar}} E_m \underbrace{\int \psi_n^*(x) \psi_m(x) dx}_{\delta_{m, n}}$$

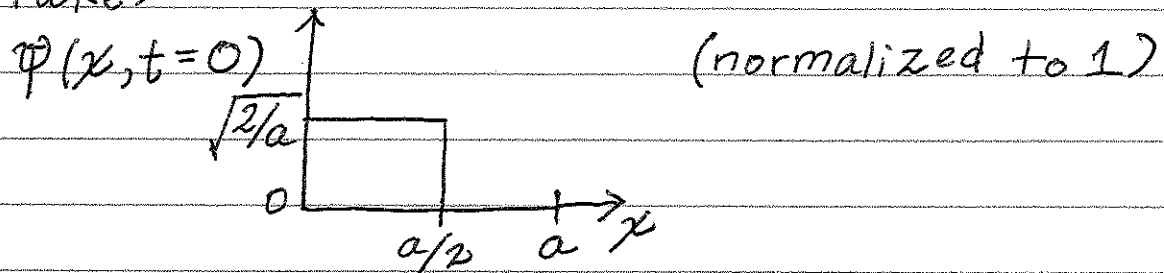
$$\boxed{\langle H \rangle = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |c_n|^2 E_n}$$

Had this been  $x$  we would have gotten:

$$\langle x \rangle = \sum_{m, n=1}^{\infty} c_n^* c_m e^{-\frac{i(E_m - E_n)t}{\hbar}} \int \psi_n^*(x) x \psi_m(x) dx$$

An example:

Take:



$a/2 \leftarrow$  because 0 for  $a \leq x \leq a'$

$$C_n = \int_0^{a/2} \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi n x}{a}\right) \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{a} \frac{a}{\pi n} \left. -\cos\left(\frac{\pi n x}{a}\right) \right|_0^{a/2}$$

$$C_n = \frac{2}{\pi n} \left( -\cos\left(\frac{\pi n}{2}\right) + 1 \right)$$

See matlab codes:

leftside.m ... plots  $\varphi(x, t)$  at one time  
keeping  $n \leq n_{\max}$  terms

movie.m ... plots  $\varphi(x, t)$  at different  
times with a  $1/2$  second pause  
to create a movie