



Track-Finder Issues

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Parity Violation in CSC Geometry

Efficiency Studies of DT/CSC Overlap Region

Sagitta Measurement in Track-Finder

CSC Redundancy Studies



CSC Geometry Problem

- 60° Trigger sector boundaries do not line up between stations
 - 20° chambers are bisected in some stations
- Nominal solution requires sector boundaries at $\varphi = 15^\circ, 75^\circ, 135^\circ, \dots$ to match *as well as possible* with barrel sectors
 - MB1 rotated $+5^\circ$ with respect to these boundaries
 - MB2 rotated -2° , MB3 rotated $+2^\circ$
- Proposed changes:
 - Rotate ME3/1 by 10° in the +Z endcap
 - Rotate ME2/1 by 10° in the -Z endcap
- Implies each endcap is different
- ME1 and all 10° chambers are aligned properly. ME4?



Other Dependencies on Trigger Sectors

- **Endcap RPCs**
 - Chambers should be aligned with CSC sector boundaries for clean match between CSC and RPC muons
 - They aren't aligned in TDR drawings (ME1/2), but then we don't have a real design yet. **Thus, make it a requirement.**
- **Calorimeter**
 - Association of muons with CAL quiet regions can be performed at L1
 - Quiet regions extend 20° (possibly 40°) in ϕ , but starting from $\phi=0^\circ$
 - **However, match is done by comparing ϕ from the Track-Finder to the appropriate CAL region. Thus, it doesn't really depend on CSC sector geometry—only that ϕ is determined properly**
- **Alignment System ???**

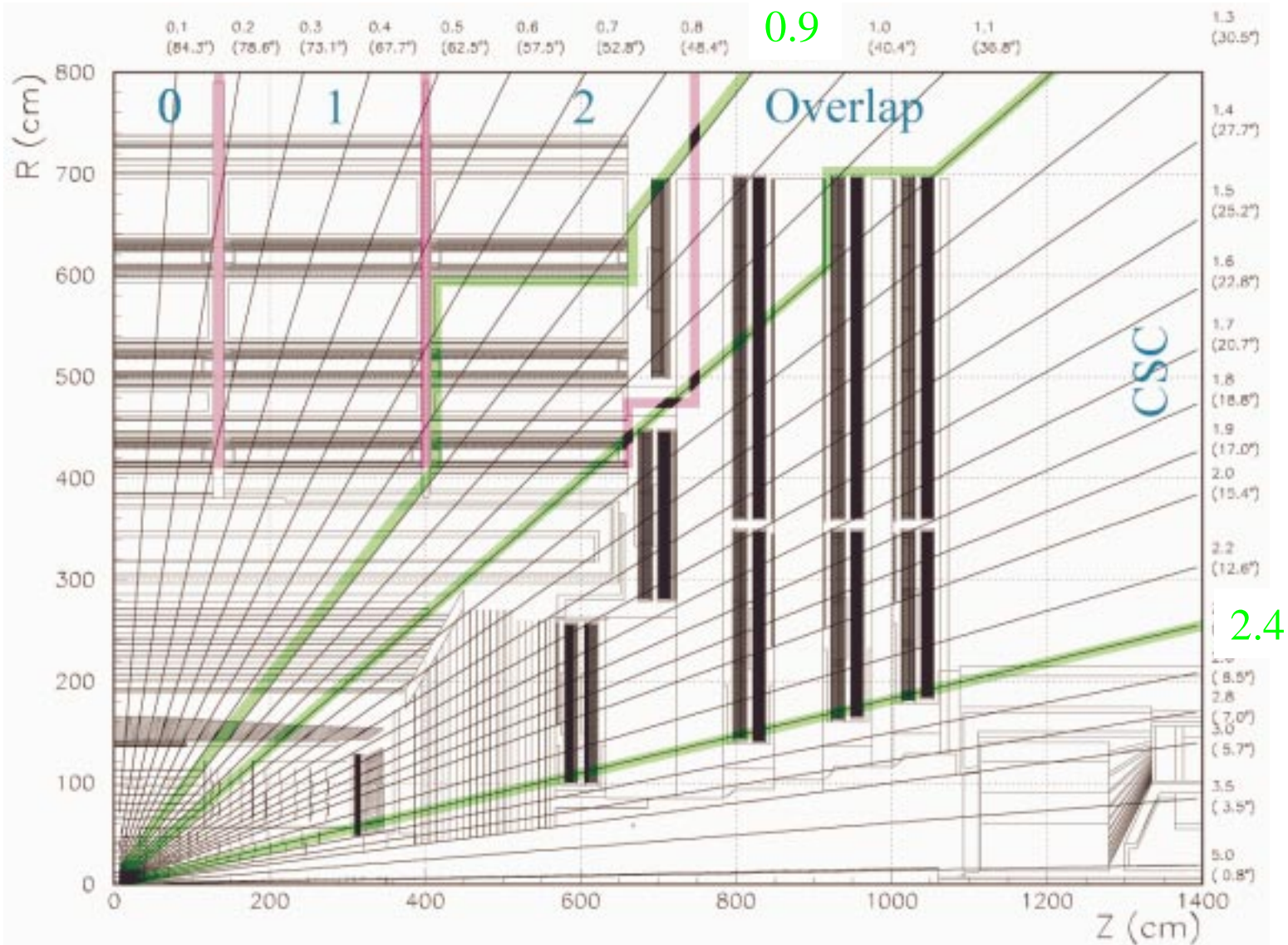


Trigger Efficiency Study in Overlap Region

- Question: What is the increase in acceptance when overlapping ME1/3?
- Facts:
 - Overlap region covers $0.9 < |\eta| < 1.2$
 - ME1/3 presently has only 75% coverage in φ
 - Trigger resolution using only ME1/3 and ME2/2 is not sufficient to reduce single muon trigger rate in overlap region
 - MB1 and MB2 have only 87% coverage in φ
 - MB1 and MB2 will suffer inefficiency from fringe B-fields in overlap region
- Study:
 - Find efficiency for 2 or more stations to fire in overlap region
 - Require one hit in MB1 or MB2 for sagitta measurement
 - Rate reduction is questionable without MB1 at full luminosity, though, because P_T resolution is 40%

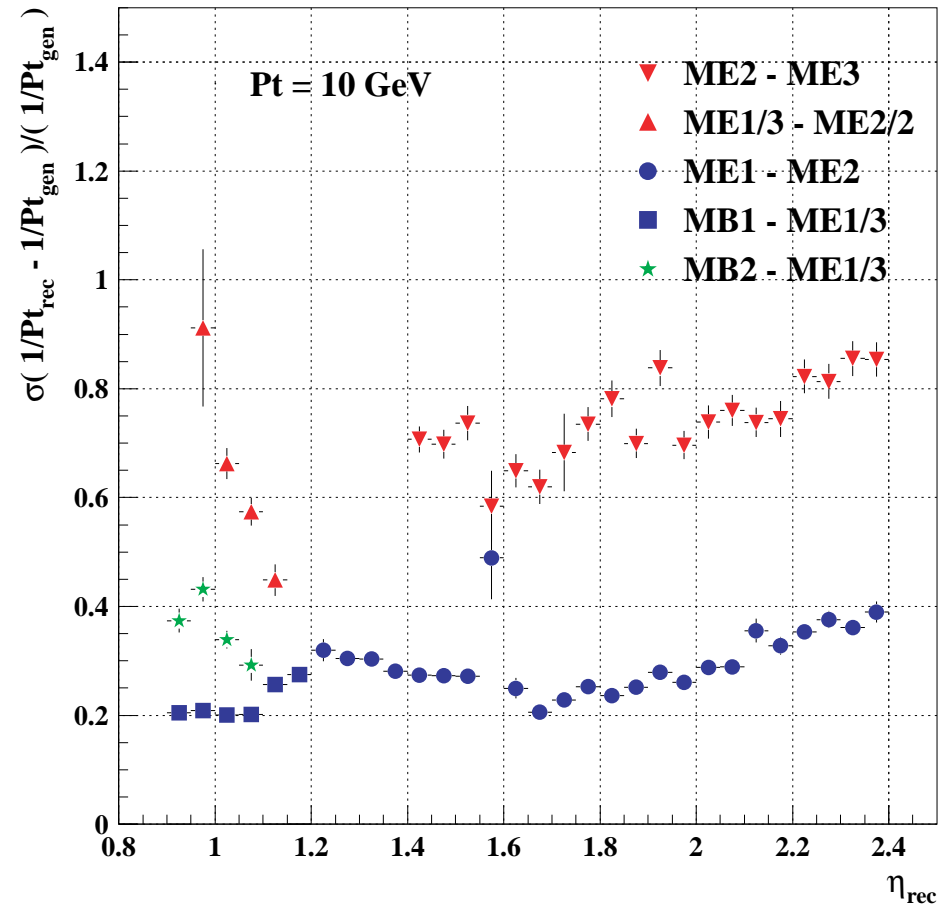


Trigger Regions in η



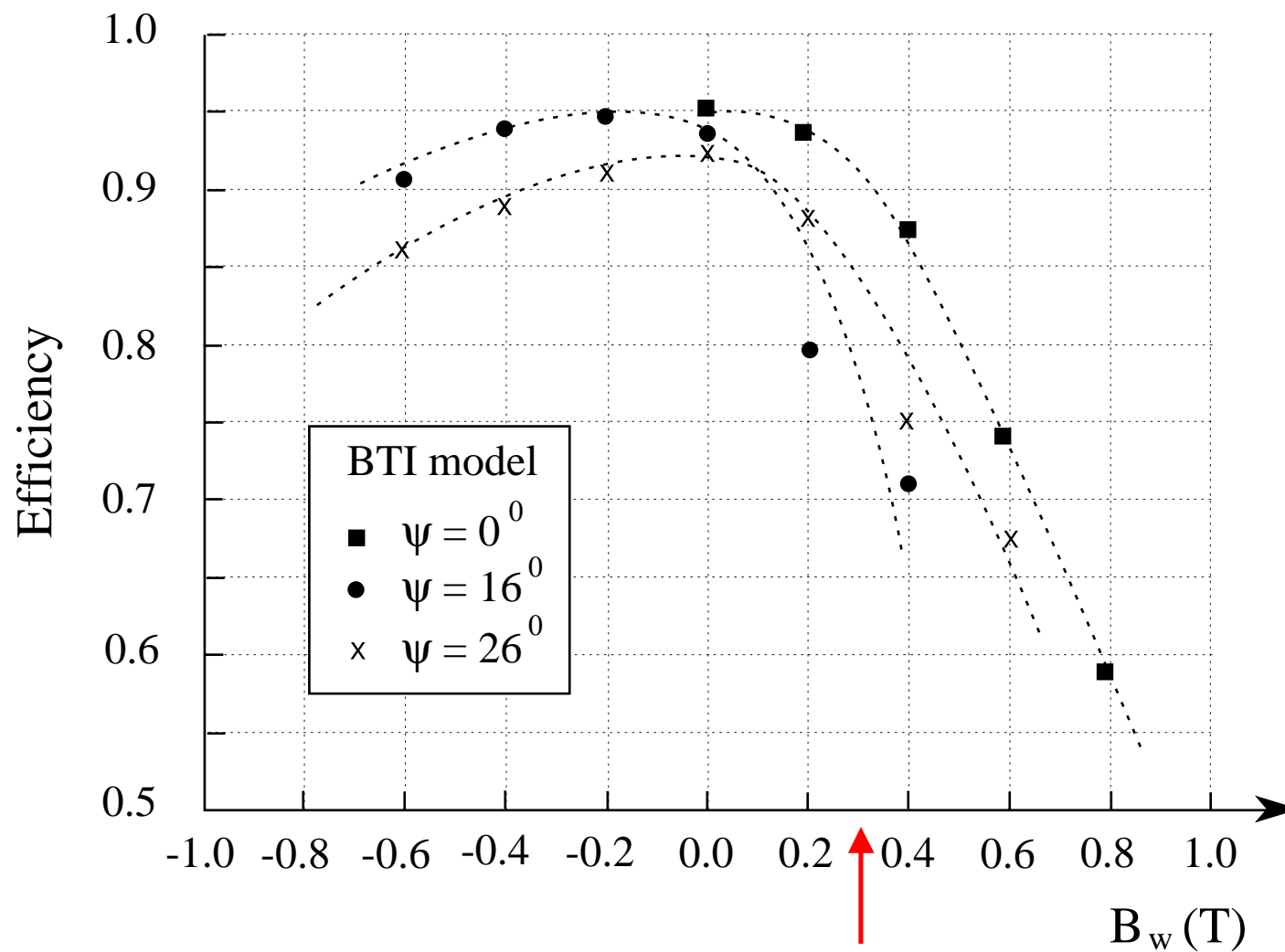


Trigger Resolution





BTI Efficiency in Fringe Field





Efficiency Studies of the Front-end Trigger Device of the Muon Drift Tubes for the CMS detector at LHC

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(Submitted to Nuclear Instruments and Methods)

“Looking at the obtained results we see that the effect is negligible for a field with components $B_n < 0.5\text{T}$ and B_w or $B_v < 0.2\text{ T}$. The CMS region where the magnetic field exceeds these values is only the far corner of the first muon station. **Since this region is fully covered by the forward chambers we do not expect any trigger loss.**”



Inputs to Study

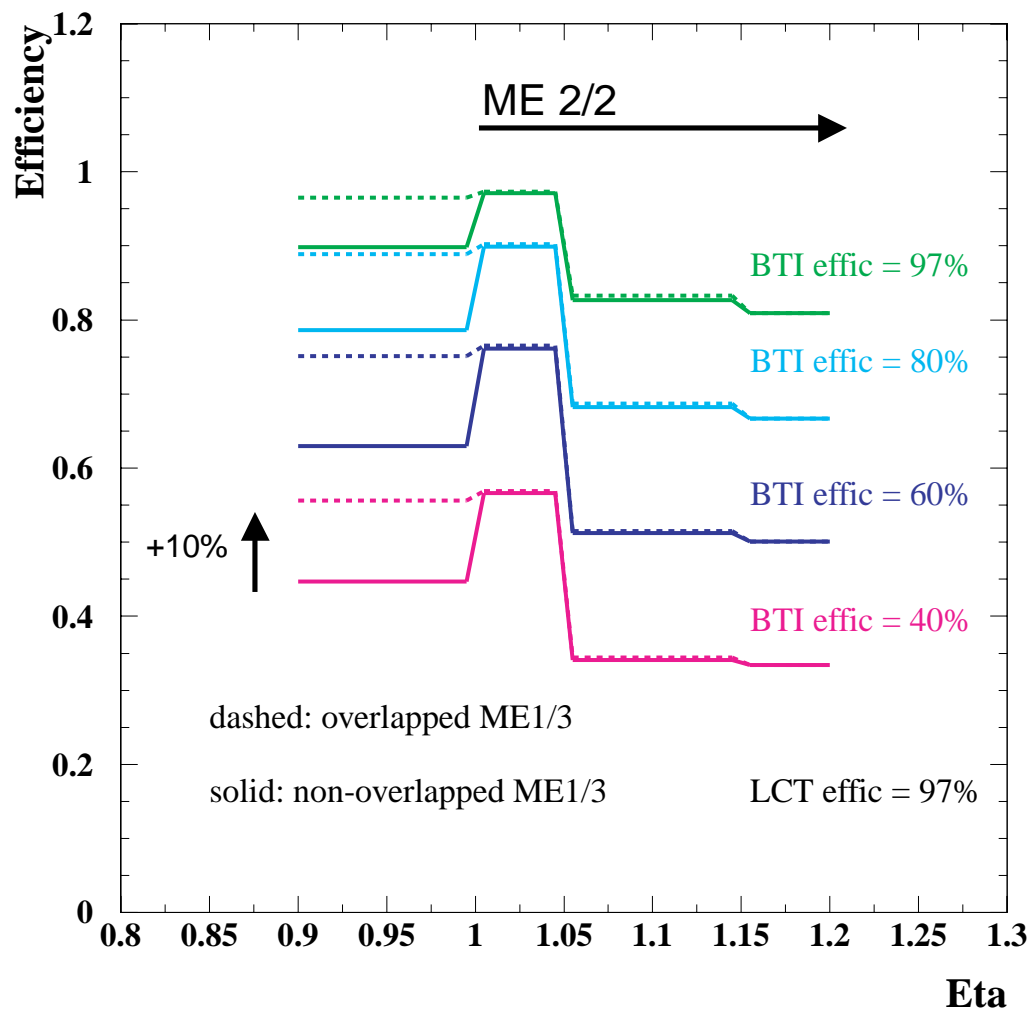
- Acceptance in φ for MB1 or MB2 is 87%
- Acceptance in φ for ME1/3 is 75% (or 100%)
- Acceptance in φ for ME2/2 is 100%

- Trigger efficiency for MB1 or MB2 is varied: 97%, 80%, 60%, 40%
- Trigger efficiency for ME1/3 or ME2/2 is varied: 97%, 80%, 60%

- Coverage in η is studied in 4 regions:
 - $0.9 < \eta < 1.0$ – MB1, MB2, ME1/3
 - $1.0 < \eta < 1.05$ – MB1, MB2, ME1/3, ME2/2
 - $1.05 < \eta < 1.15$ – MB1, ME1/3, ME2/2
 - $1.15 < \eta < 1.2$ – MB1, ME2/2

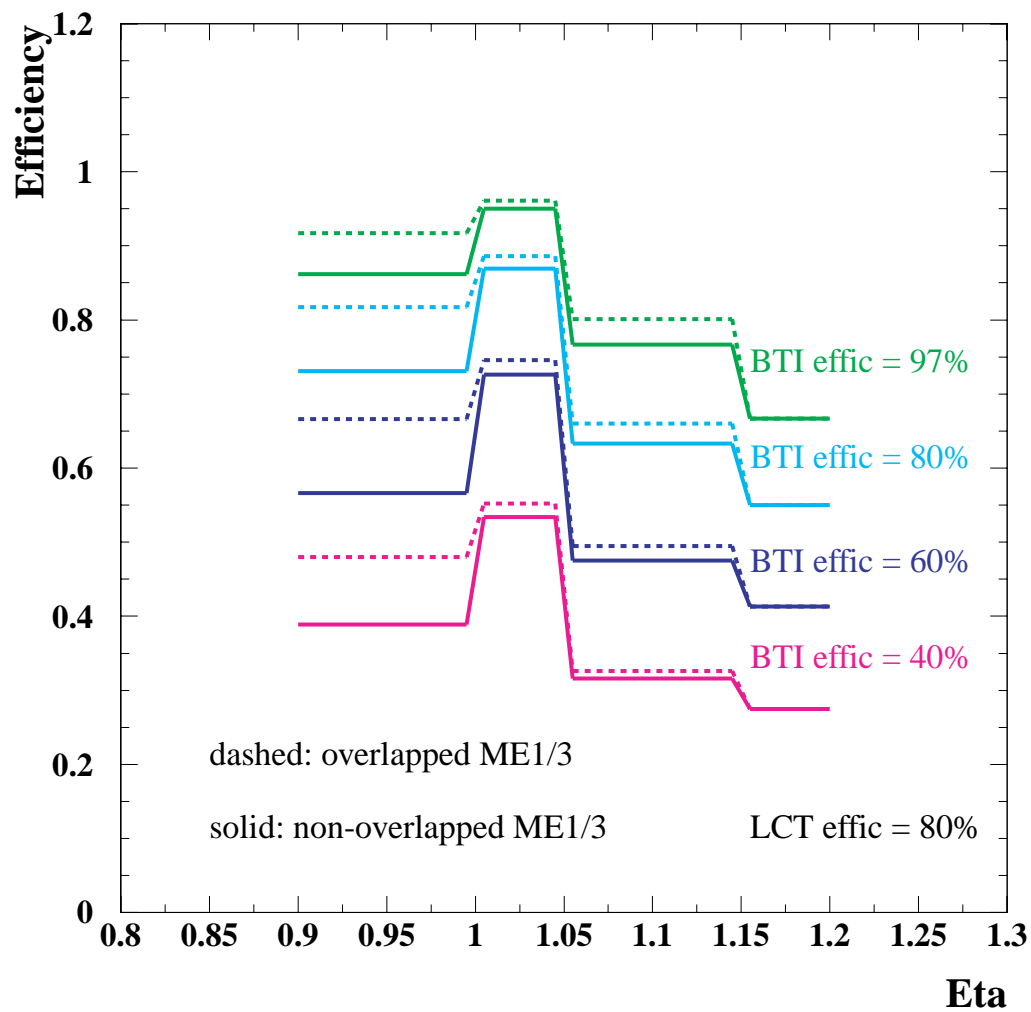


Efficiency of Overlap Region, Case 1



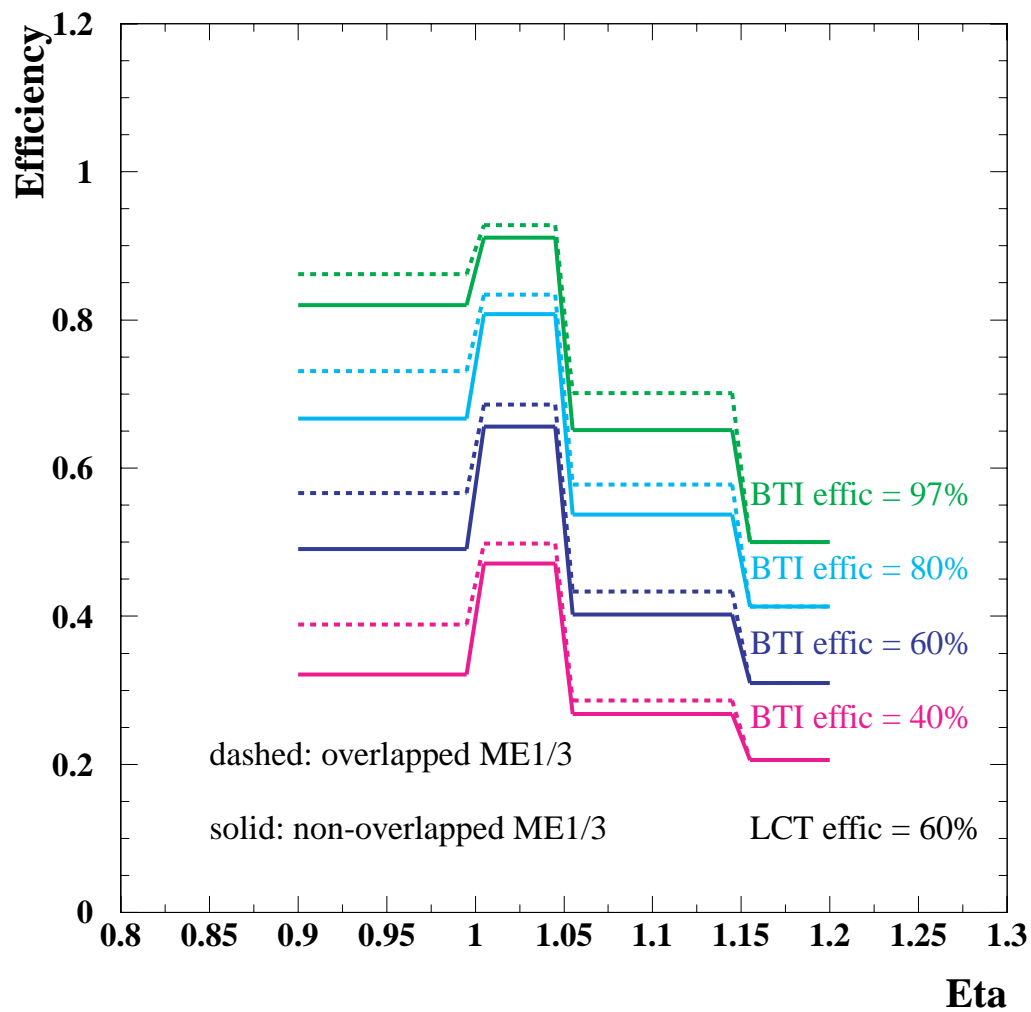


Efficiency of Overlap Region, Case 2





Efficiency of Overlap Region, Case 3





Summary of Overlap Efficiency

- Largest effect of overlapping ME1/3 occurs for $0.9 < \eta < 1.0$
 - 12% increase in acceptance (6% if MB1 hit is required)
 - Caused by lack of ME2/2 coverage
- Minimal effect elsewhere
 - A hit in either ME1/3 or ME2/2 has high efficiency
- Overall effect of overlapping ME1/3:
 - Increase in acceptance for overlap region is 4% (2% if MB1 hit is required)
 - Approximately independent of BTI and LCT efficiencies



Sagitta Measurement in CSC Trigger

- Estimated trigger resolution of CSC Track-Finder using only $\Delta\phi$ measured between ME1 and ME2, 3, or 4 is about 30% for P_T
- This is barely sufficient to reduce single muon rate below 1 kHz per unit rapidity for any trigger threshold at full luminosity
- Must go beyond simple scheme of Vienna Track-Finder:
 - Require 3 station sagitta measurement to improve resolution to 20% or better
 - Would provide a safety factor of at least 100 in rate
- Little redundancy in CSC system which has only 3 stations, however

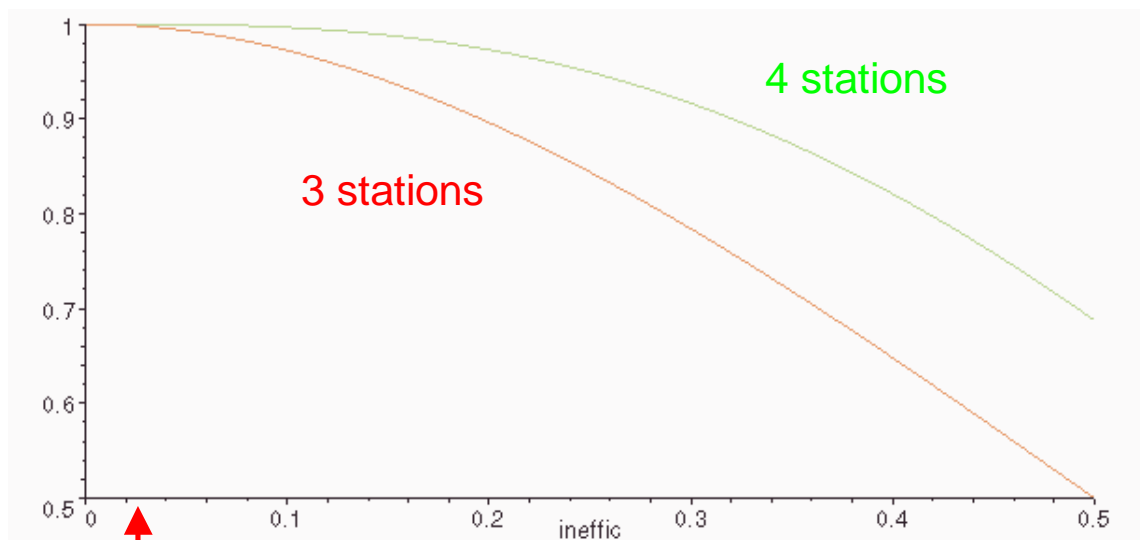


CSC Redundancy Studies

- Study efficiency for **2 or more** stations to fire in CSC system as function of hit inefficiency (default scheme)
- Study efficiency for **3 or more** stations to fire in CSC system as function of hit inefficiency (sagitta measurement scheme)
- Study for 3 and 4 stations
- Require a hit in ME1 for sufficient P_T resolution

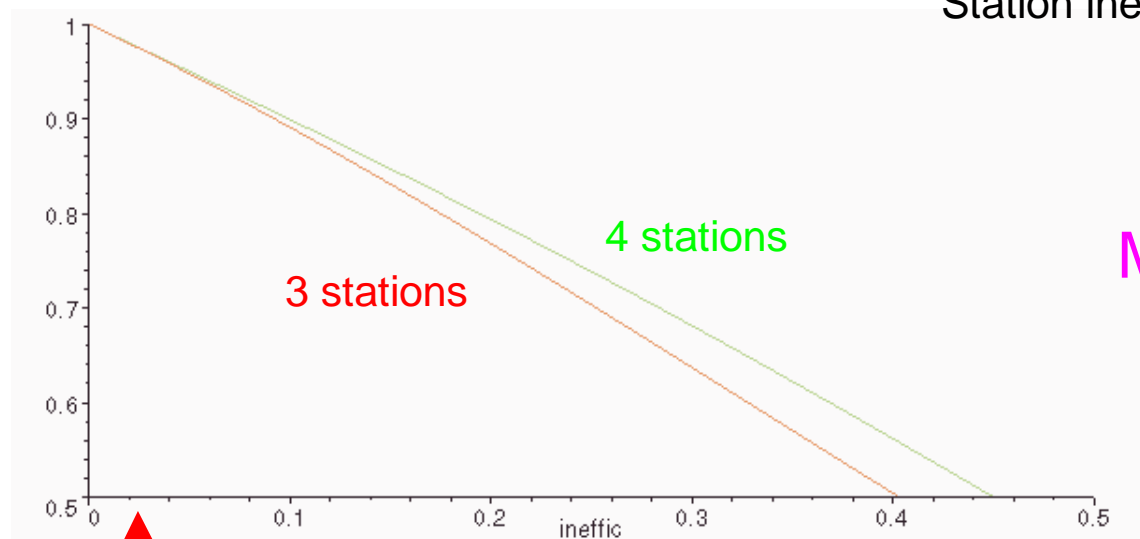


2-Station Efficiency



Any Two

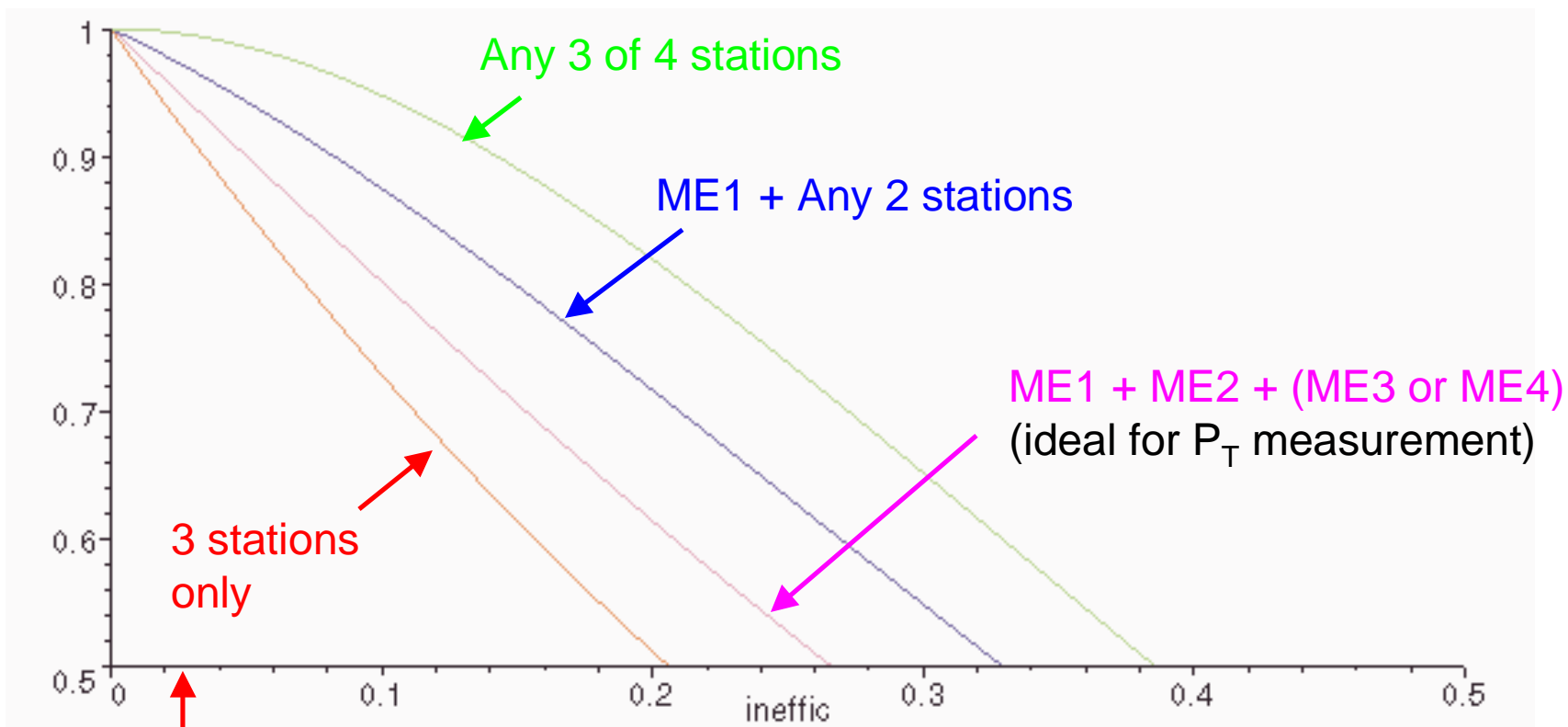
Station inefficiency



ME1 + Any



3-Station Efficiency





Comments

- Largest increase in acceptance occurs for $0.9 < |\eta| < 1.0$ when overlapping ME1/3 (0.2 units of rapidity)
- This should be weighed against a similar increase in the 3-station efficiency for $1.2 < |\eta| < 2.4$ if ME4 is recovered (2.4 units of rapidity)
- 3 stations may be necessary for a sagitta measurement to reduce the trigger rate
 - This will require some design work to determine feasibility
- Offline determination of LCT efficiency may benefit from 4 stations, if 3 stations are required to trigger (similar to a study of residuals)