

$$1. A: x = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \quad v = v_0 + a t \quad 500 - 250 = 250 \text{ m}$$

$$= 0.5 \times 5 \times 10^2 \quad = 5 \times 10 \quad \frac{250}{5} = 5 \text{ s}$$

$$= 250 \text{ m} \quad = 50 \text{ m/s} \quad t = 10 + 5 = 15 \text{ s}$$

$$B: x = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \quad a = \frac{2x}{t^2} = \frac{2 \cdot 500}{(15)^2} = 4.44 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$2. \quad F = 50 \text{ N} \quad \theta = \omega_0 t + \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2$$


$$I = \frac{3}{2} m R^2 \quad \alpha = \frac{2\theta}{t^2} = \frac{2 \cdot 3\pi}{2^2} = 1.5\pi \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$\tau = I \alpha = R \cdot F \quad \therefore R = \frac{I \cdot \alpha}{F} = \frac{3 \cdot 1.5\pi}{50} = 0.28 \text{ m}$$

$$3. \quad P + \rho g h + \frac{1}{2} \rho v^2 = \text{const}$$

$$\Delta P = \frac{1}{2} \rho (v_T^2 - v_B^2) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1.29 \cdot (250^2 - 225^2) = 7.66 \times 10^3 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$4. \quad F \Delta t = m \Delta v \quad \Delta v_x = +15 \text{ m/s} \quad \Delta v_y = -15 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Delta v = \sqrt{(\Delta v_x)^2 + (\Delta v_y)^2} = 21.2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$F = \frac{0.1 \times 21.2}{0.01} = 212 \text{ N}$$

$$5. \quad x = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \quad a = \frac{2x}{t^2} = \frac{2 \cdot 20}{5^2} = 1.6 \text{ m/s}^2 \quad F = m a = 20 \times 1.6 = 32 \text{ N}$$

$$6. \quad x_B = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \quad \Delta x = \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$x_w = v_0 t \quad t = \sqrt{\frac{2 \Delta x}{a}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 2.5}{-10}} = 0.71 \text{ s}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2} g t^2 = -\frac{1}{2} \times 9.8 \times \frac{1}{2} = -2.45 \text{ m} \quad h = 2.45 \text{ m}$$

$$7. \quad P + \rho g h + \frac{1}{2} \rho v^2 = \text{const} \quad \therefore v^2 = 2g \Delta h = 2 \times 9.8 \times 5 = 98 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

$$v = 9.9 \text{ m/s}$$

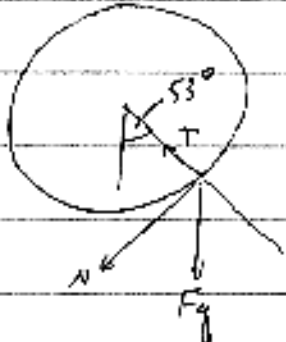
9.  $E = 0 = \frac{1}{2} k d^2 - Mg(h+d)$       $d = \frac{Mg \pm \sqrt{M^2 g^2 + 2Mgkh}}{k} = 1.12 \text{ m.}$   
 $M = 6 \text{ kg}, h = 1.0 \text{ m}, k = 200 \text{ N/m.}$

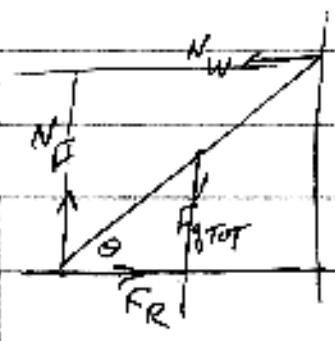
9. Stress does not change. Therefore strain does not change

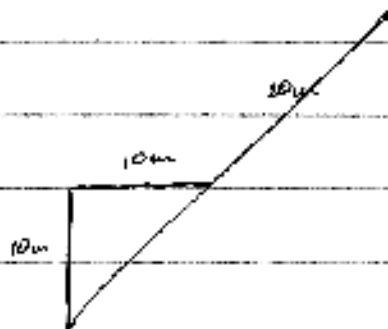
$$\frac{\Delta L}{L} = \frac{x}{L/2} \quad x = 0.42$$

10.  $v = \sqrt{\frac{g}{m}}$      m.a. =  $-kx$       $x = -\frac{v}{k} \cdot g = \frac{-g}{\omega^2} = -0.02 \text{ m.}$

11.  $F = m a_c = \frac{m v^2}{r} = \frac{1000 \times 12^2}{32} = 4500 \text{ N}$

12.   $T - F_g \cos 53^\circ = \frac{m v^2}{r}$       $T = \frac{m v^2}{r} + F_g \cos 53^\circ$   
 $= \frac{0.5 \times (4)^2}{0.6} + 0.5 \times 9.8 \times 0.6$   
 $= 6.95 \text{ N}$

13.   $N_F = F_{g \text{ TOT}}$       $F_R = \mu_s N_F$   
 $F_R = N_W$   
 $N_W \cdot L \sin \theta = F_{g \text{ TOT}} \cdot \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta$   
 $\therefore \mu_s \sin \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{2}$       $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{2 \mu_s}$   
 $\theta = 61.6^\circ$

14.   $L = 20 + \sqrt{10^2 + 10^2} = 20 + 14.14 = 34.14 \text{ m.}$

$$15. \rho_I V_I = \rho_2 V_2 \quad \rho_2 = \frac{\rho_I V_I}{V_2} = \frac{\rho_I}{0.6} = 1533 \text{ kg/m}^3.$$

$$16. \bar{v} = \frac{x(2) - x(0)}{2} = 9 \text{ m/s}$$



$$F_1 + F_2 = F_g(pl) + F_g(pe)$$

$$4. F_g(pl) = F_g(pe) \cdot (1-d)$$

$$d = 1 - \frac{4 \cdot F_g(pe)}{F_g(pe)} = 1 - \frac{4 \cdot 100}{800} = 0.5$$

$$18. y = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \\ = 0.5 \times 9.8 \times (0.1)^2 = 0.049 \text{ m}$$

$$19. T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}} \quad \epsilon = \frac{T}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2} \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}} = 0.152 \text{ s}$$

$$20. u = \sqrt{\frac{h \nu}{m}} = 6.2202 \text{ e/s}$$