

2/12/2017 MHD.

(HD) $\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \vec{\nabla} \cdot (\rho \vec{v}) = 0$

(HD+B) $\rho \left(\frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} + (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{v} \right) = -\vec{\nabla} p + \vec{j} \times \vec{B}$
 $+ \eta \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} \left[\frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_i} + \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_i} - \frac{2}{3} \delta_{ij} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{v}) \right]$

(unphysical) $\frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} = \vec{\nabla} \times (\vec{v} \times \vec{B}) + \frac{1}{\mu_0} \nabla^2 \vec{B}$

Perturb about ρ_0, \vec{B}_0 , linearize

Conservative $\eta, \frac{1}{\mu} \rightarrow 0$

$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\delta \rho) + \rho_0 \vec{\nabla} \cdot (\delta \vec{v}) = 0$

$\rho_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\delta \vec{v}) = -c_s^2 \vec{\nabla}(\delta \rho) - \frac{1}{\mu} \vec{B}_0 \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \delta \vec{B})$

$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\delta \vec{B}) = \vec{\nabla} \times (\delta \vec{v} \times \vec{B}_0)$

$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \textcircled{1} + \vec{\nabla}(\textcircled{1}) + \textcircled{2} \rightarrow$

$v_A^2 = \frac{B_0^2}{\rho \mu}$

$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2}(\delta \rho) = c_s^2 \vec{\nabla} \cdot (\vec{\nabla} \delta \rho)$

$- \vec{\nabla}_A \times (\vec{\nabla} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times (\delta \vec{v} \times \vec{v}_A)))$

(7.72)

$$\vec{S} = \vec{v}_1 e^{i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)}$$

①

$$-\omega^2 \vec{v}_1 + c_s^2 \vec{k} (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_1)$$

$$- \vec{v}_A \times [\vec{k} \times (\vec{k} \times (\vec{v}_1 \times \vec{v}_A))] = 0$$

$$\vec{v}_1 (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_A) - \vec{v}_A (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_1)$$

$$\rightarrow -(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_A) [\vec{k} (\vec{v}_A \cdot \vec{v}_1) - \vec{v}_1 (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_A)]$$

$$+ (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_1) [\vec{k} (\vec{v}_A \cdot \vec{v}_A) - \vec{v}_A (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_A)]$$

$$-\omega^2 \vec{v}_1 + c_s^2 (1 + v_A^2) \vec{k} (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_1)$$

$$+ (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_A)^2 \vec{v}_1 - \vec{k} (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_A) (\vec{v}_A \cdot \vec{v}_1)$$

$$- \vec{v}_A (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_A) (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_1) = 0$$

②
③
7.75

Eigenvalue: $\omega^2 \vec{v}_1 = M \vec{v}_1$

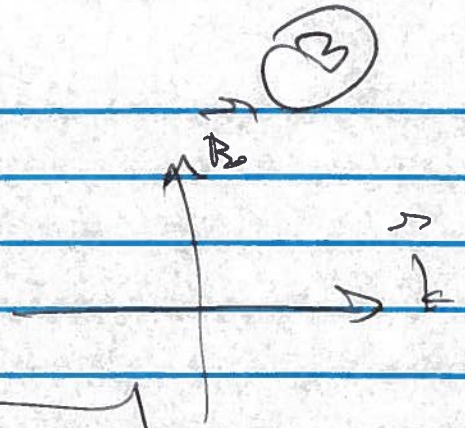
structure overall: $M \vec{v}_1 = \vec{0}$

④ $\vec{u}^{-1} \rightarrow \vec{u}^{-1} M \vec{u}_1 = \vec{v}_1 = \vec{u}^{-1} \vec{0} = \vec{0}$

So: mit invertible: $\det M = 0$ #us

Special cases

① $\vec{k} \perp \vec{B}_0 \rightarrow \vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_A = 0$



$$-\omega^2 \vec{v}_\perp + (c_s^2 + v_A^2) \vec{k} (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_\perp) = 0$$

in general: $\vec{v}_\perp = \vec{k} (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_\perp) + [\vec{v}_\perp - \vec{k} (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_\perp)] = \vec{v}_{\parallel} + \vec{v}_\perp$

$$-\omega^2 (\vec{v}_{\parallel} + \vec{v}_\perp) + (c_s^2 + v_A^2) \vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_\perp = 0$$

$\vec{v}_\perp = 0$ $\vec{v}_\perp \parallel \vec{k}$

$$-\omega^2 + (c_s^2 + v_A^2) k^2 = 0$$

$$\omega^2 = (c_s^2 + v_A^2) k^2$$

$$v = \frac{\omega}{k} = \frac{dv}{dk} = \sqrt{c_s^2 + v_A^2}$$

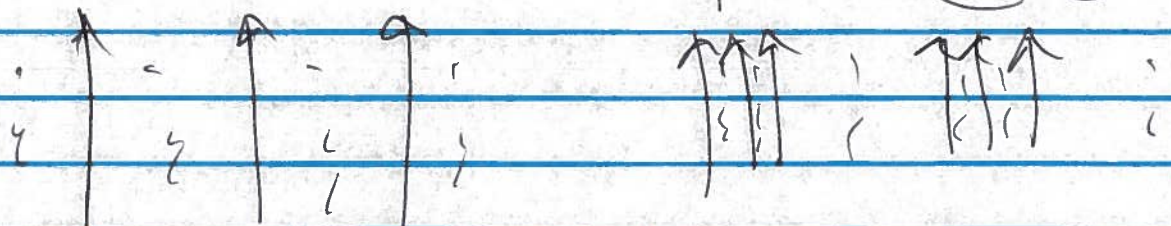
$$-i\omega \mu_0 \rho_0 (i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_\perp) = 0 \quad \rho_1 = \frac{\rho_0 \vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_\perp}{\omega} = \frac{\rho_0 \vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_\perp}{\sqrt{c_s^2 + v_A^2}}$$

$$-i\omega \vec{B}_0 = i\vec{k} \times (\vec{v}_\perp + \vec{B}_0) = i[\vec{v}_\perp (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{B}_0) - \vec{B}_0 (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_\perp)]$$

$$\vec{B}_\perp = \vec{B}_0 \frac{\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_\perp}{\sqrt{c_s^2 + v_A^2}}$$

$\vec{B}_\perp \parallel \vec{B}_0$

Spreszer matter



longitudinal magneto-sonic wave.

I. $\vec{F} \parallel \vec{B}_0$ (\vec{v}_1) ④

$$\vec{F} (\vec{v}_A \cdot \vec{v}_1) = v_A (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{v}_1)$$

$$-\omega^2 \vec{v}_1 + (c_s^2 + v_A^2) \frac{k^2}{v_A^2} \vec{v}_A (\vec{v}_A \cdot \vec{v}_1)$$

$$+ k^2 v_A^2 \vec{v}_1 - k^2 v_A (\vec{v}_A \cdot \vec{v}_1) - v_A k^2 (\vec{v}_A \cdot \vec{v}_1)$$

$$-\omega^2 \vec{v}_1 + k^2 v_A^2 \vec{v}_1 + (c_s^2 - 1) \frac{k^2}{v_A^2} \vec{v}_A (\vec{v}_A \cdot \vec{v}_1) \Rightarrow 0$$

II. A. $\vec{v}_A \cdot \vec{v}_1 \Rightarrow \omega^2 = v_A^2 k^2$ $\vec{v}_1 \perp \vec{B}_0$

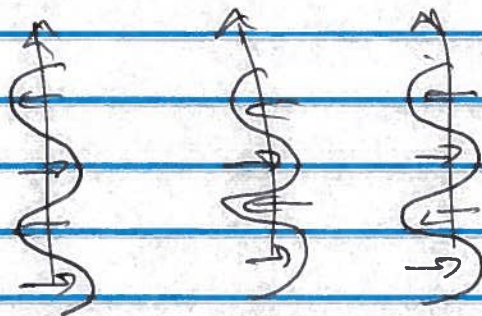
$$-i\omega p_1 + \rho_0 (i k \cdot \vec{v}_1) \Rightarrow p_1 = 0$$

$$-i\omega \vec{B}_1 = i \vec{k} \times (\vec{v}_1 \times \vec{B}_0) = i [\vec{v}_1 (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{B}_0) - \vec{B}_0 (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{v}_1)]$$

$$\vec{B}_1 = -\vec{v}_1 \left[\frac{\vec{k} \cdot \vec{B}_0}{\omega} \right] = -\vec{v}_1 \frac{(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{B}_0)}{v_A k} = -\vec{v}_1 \frac{(\vec{v}_A \cdot \vec{B}_0)}{v_A} = -\vec{v}_1 B_0$$

$$\vec{B}_1 = -\frac{v_1}{v_A} \vec{B}_0$$

Alfvén wave



no density fluctuations
"puck" \vec{B}_0

$$\vec{B}_1 \perp \vec{B}_0$$

$$\vec{v}_1 \perp \vec{B}_0$$

$\vec{E} \parallel \vec{B}_0$, $\vec{v} \perp \vec{B}_0$ also,

$$-\omega^2 + (\epsilon_0 \mu_0)^{-1} k^2 + k^2 v_A^2 - k^2 v_A^2 - k^2 v_A^2 = 0$$

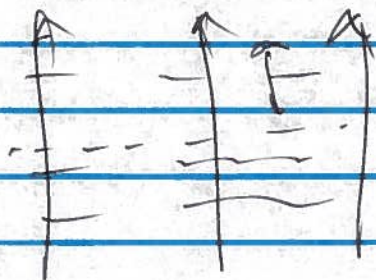
$$\omega^2 = c_s^2 k^2$$

$$-i\omega \rho_1 + \rho_0 i k v_1 = 0$$



$$\rho_1 = \frac{v_1}{c_s} \rho_0$$

$$-i\omega \vec{B}_1 = i k \rho_0 (\vec{v}_1 \times \vec{B}_0) = 0$$



motion $\perp \vec{B}_0$.
 no magnetic force
sound wave