

10 (31/2016)

$$ds^2 = -\left(1 - \frac{2M}{r}\right) dt^2 + \frac{dr^2}{1 - \frac{2M}{r}} + r^2 d\Omega^2$$

$$\frac{\partial g_{\mu\nu}}{\partial \phi} = 0 \rightarrow \phi = \text{constant} = \tilde{L}$$

All directions $k^\mu = \text{"Killing vector"}$

$$k_{\mu;\nu} + k_{\nu;\mu} = 0$$

$$\nabla_{(\nu} k_{\mu)} = 0$$

$x^M(\lambda) = \text{geodesic.}$

$$\frac{dx^\mu}{d\lambda} = \dot{x}^\mu$$

$$\rightarrow \nabla_{\dot{x}}(k \cdot \dot{x}) = \dot{x}^\nu \nabla_\nu (k_\mu \dot{x}^\mu)$$

$$= \dot{x}^\mu (k_{\mu;\nu} \dot{x}^\nu + k_\nu \dot{x}^\mu_{;\nu})$$

$$= \cancel{k_{(\mu;\nu)} \dot{x}^\mu \dot{x}^\nu} + \cancel{k_{\mu\nu} (\dot{x}^\nu \dot{x}^\mu)_{;\nu}} = 0$$

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$$\vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{p} = x \hat{i} (y p_z - z p_y) + y \hat{j} (z p_x - x p_z) + z \hat{k} (x p_y - y p_x)$$

$$R^i = (-y, x, 0)$$

$$S^i = (z, 0, -x)$$

$$T^i = (0, -z, y)$$

$$L_z = \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}$$

$$\text{let } J_y = r^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

Spherical coord

$$x = r \sin \theta \cos \phi$$

$$y = r \sin \theta \sin \phi$$

$$z = r \cos \theta$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta}, \frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta}, \frac{\partial z}{\partial \theta} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} \sin \theta \cos \phi & r \cos \theta \cos \phi & -r \sin \theta \sin \phi \\ \sin \theta \sin \phi & r \cos \theta \sin \phi & r \sin \theta \cos \phi \\ \cos \theta & -r \sin \theta & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial \phi}, \frac{\partial y}{\partial \phi}, \frac{\partial z}{\partial \phi} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} -\sin \theta \sin \phi & -r \cos \theta \sin \phi & 0 \\ \cos \theta \cos \phi & -r \sin \theta \cos \phi & -\frac{\sin \theta}{r} \\ -\frac{\sin \theta}{r \sin \phi} & \frac{\cos \theta}{r \sin \theta} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R^r = \left(\frac{\partial R}{\partial x^i} \right) R^i = 0$$

$$R^\theta = \left(\frac{\partial R}{\partial x^i} \right) R^i = 0$$

$$R^\phi = \left(\frac{\partial R}{\partial x^i} \right) R^i = 1$$

$$R = \hat{e}_\phi$$

$$\vec{S} = \cos \theta \hat{e}_\theta - \sin \theta \hat{e}_\phi$$

$$\vec{T} = -\sin \theta \hat{e}_\theta - \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \hat{e}_\phi$$

R, S, T all Killing vectors

[R, S] = T (etc cyclic)

← Any Spherical geometry,

ds² = a²(dθ² + sin²θ dφ²)

Ⓣ. Tⁱ = $\begin{pmatrix} -\sin\theta \\ -a\theta \cos\theta \end{pmatrix}$

T_i = $\begin{pmatrix} -a^2 \sin\theta \\ -a^2 \sin\theta \cos\theta \end{pmatrix}$

T_{θ;φ} = $\frac{\partial T_\theta}{\partial \phi} - \Gamma_{\theta\phi}^i T_i = \frac{\partial T_\theta}{\partial \phi} - \Gamma_{\theta\phi}^\phi T_\phi$
= $\frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}(-a^2 \sin\theta) + \left(\frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta}\right) (-a^2 \sin\theta \cos\theta)$
= $-a^2 \cos\theta + a^2 \cos\theta = -a^2 \sin\theta \cos\theta$

T_{φ;θ} = $\frac{\partial T_\phi}{\partial \theta} - \Gamma_{\phi\theta}^i T_i = \frac{\partial T_\phi}{\partial \theta} - \Gamma_{\phi\theta}^\theta T_\theta$
= $\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}(-a^2 \sin\theta \cos\theta) - \left(\frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta}\right) (-a^2 \sin\theta \cos\theta)$
= $-a^2 \cos\theta (\cos\theta - \sin^2\theta) + a^2 \cos\theta$
= $+a^2 \sin^2\theta \cos\theta$

T_{θ;θ} = $\frac{\partial T_\theta}{\partial \theta} - \Gamma_{\theta\theta}^i T_i = 0$ T_{φ;φ} = 0

④-

$$[R, S] = \nabla_R S - \nabla_S R$$

$$R^i = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \nu \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= R^j S^i_{;j} - S^j R^i_{;j} = R^j S^i_{;j} - \cancel{S^j R^i_{;j}}$$

$$= \partial S^i = \partial \begin{pmatrix} \cos \phi \\ -\cos \theta \sin \phi \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\sin \phi \\ -\cos \theta \cos \phi \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{T}$$

$[R, S] = \mathbf{T}$ ort. cyc.

$$[\nabla_A, \nabla_B] K^\lambda = R^\lambda_{\nu\alpha\beta} K^\nu \quad (\text{def. } R^\lambda_{\nu\alpha\beta}) \quad (3.113)$$

$$\underline{k_{\sigma j \rho \mu}} - \underline{k_{\sigma j \mu \rho}} = R^\lambda_{\sigma \mu \rho} K_\lambda = R^\lambda_{\sigma \rho \mu} K_\lambda$$

permuted: $\underline{k_{\sigma j \rho \mu}} - \underline{k_{\sigma j \mu \rho}} + \underline{k_{\rho i \mu \sigma}} - \underline{k_{\rho i \sigma \mu}} + \underline{k_{\mu i \rho \sigma}} - \underline{k_{\mu i \sigma \rho}}$
 $= R^\lambda_{\sigma \rho \mu} + R^\lambda_{\rho \mu \nu} + R^\lambda_{\mu \rho \sigma} = 0.$

$$\underline{k_{\sigma j \rho \mu}} - \underline{k_{\sigma j \mu \rho}} - \underline{k_{\mu i \rho \sigma}} = 0$$

$$\underline{k_{\mu i \rho \sigma}} = R^\lambda_{\sigma \rho \mu} K_\lambda$$

cf. (3.176)

$$\underline{\nabla_\mu \nabla_\sigma K^\rho} = R^\lambda_{\mu \sigma \rho} K^\lambda = R^\rho_{\sigma \mu \lambda} K^\lambda$$

$$k^M_{; \rho\sigma} = R_{\lambda\rho\sigma}^M k^\lambda = R^M_{\rho\sigma\lambda} k^\lambda \quad (3.176)$$

Tr. M.T.

$$k^M_{; \rho\mu} = R^M_{\rho\mu\lambda} k^\lambda = R^M_{\rho\lambda} k^\lambda \quad (3.177)$$

$$\square^2 k^\rho + R^\rho_{\mu} k^\mu = 0$$

Vacuum (R=0)
 \rightarrow EOM solution

$$k^M_{; \rho\sigma} = R^M_{\rho\sigma\lambda} k^\lambda = -R^M_{\rho\lambda\sigma} k^\lambda$$

$$k^M_{; \rho} = -R^M_{\lambda\rho} k^\lambda \quad \square^2 k^\mu + R^\mu_{\lambda} k^\lambda = 0$$

Bianchi identity $R_{\rho\sigma[\lambda\mu;\nu]} = 0$

$$\nabla^\mu R_{\rho\mu} = R_{\rho\mu}{}^{;\mu} = \frac{1}{2} \nabla_\rho R$$

$$\nabla_\mu (\square^2 k^\mu) + \nabla_\mu (R^\mu_{\lambda} k^\lambda) = 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow k^\lambda (R^\mu_{\lambda;\mu}) + R^\mu_{\lambda} \nabla_\mu k^\lambda$$

$$= k^\lambda \left(\frac{1}{2} \nabla_\lambda R \right) = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \nabla_\lambda k^\lambda R = 0$$

Bianchi, contracted $\rightarrow \nabla_{\mu} R^{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} \nabla^{\nu} R$

$$\frac{1}{2} k^{\nu} \nabla_{\nu} R = k^{\nu} \cancel{\nabla_{\mu} R^{\mu\nu}} = k^{\nu} \nabla^{\mu} R_{\mu\nu}$$

$$= \nabla^{\mu} (k^{\nu} R_{\mu\nu}) - R_{\mu\nu} \nabla^{\mu} k^{\nu}$$

$$\nabla_{\mu} k^{\nu} = \nabla_{\nu} \nabla_{\mu} k^{\nu} \quad (3.177)$$

$$\nabla^{\mu} (k^{\nu} R_{\mu\nu}) = \nabla^{\mu} \nabla^{\nu} \nabla_{\mu} k_{\nu}$$

$$= \nabla^{\mu} \nabla^{\nu} \nabla_{\mu} k_{\nu}$$

$$= \nabla^{\mu} \nabla^{\nu} \nabla_{\mu} k_{\nu}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\nabla^{\mu} \nabla^{\nu} - \nabla^{\nu} \nabla^{\mu}) \nabla_{\mu} k_{\nu} = 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (R_{\nu\mu} \nabla^{\mu} k^{\nu} - R_{\mu\nu} \nabla^{\mu} k^{\nu})$$

$$[\nabla_{\rho}, \nabla_{\sigma}] T^{\mu\nu} = R^{\mu}_{\lambda\rho\sigma} T^{\lambda\nu} + R^{\nu}_{\lambda\rho\sigma} T^{\mu\lambda}$$

$$[\nabla_{\rho}, \nabla_{\sigma}] T^{\rho\sigma} = R^{\rho}_{\lambda\rho\sigma} T^{\lambda\rho} + R^{\sigma}_{\lambda\rho\sigma} T^{\rho\lambda}$$

$$= R_{\lambda\sigma} T^{\lambda\sigma} - R_{\lambda\rho} T^{\rho\lambda}$$