

$$\begin{aligned}
\begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{xx} & \sigma_{xy} \\ \sigma_{yx} & \sigma_{yy} \end{pmatrix} &= \hat{U}_{180} \hat{\sigma} \hat{U}_{180} = (-1) \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{xx} & \sigma_{xy} \\ \sigma_{yx} & \sigma_{yy} \end{pmatrix} (-1) \\
&= \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{xx} & \sigma_{xy} \\ \sigma_{yx} & \sigma_{yy} \end{pmatrix}
\end{aligned} \tag{6}$$

\Rightarrow lattice symmetry imposes no constraints on $\hat{\sigma}$.

Time-reversal symmetry
(symmetry of Onsager kinetic coefficients):

$$\sigma_{ij} = \sigma_{ji} \Rightarrow \tag{7}$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_{\text{oblique}} = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{xx} & \sigma_{xy} \\ \sigma_{xy} & \sigma_{yy} \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$