# Beyond the Standard Model (theory)

Konstantin Matchev



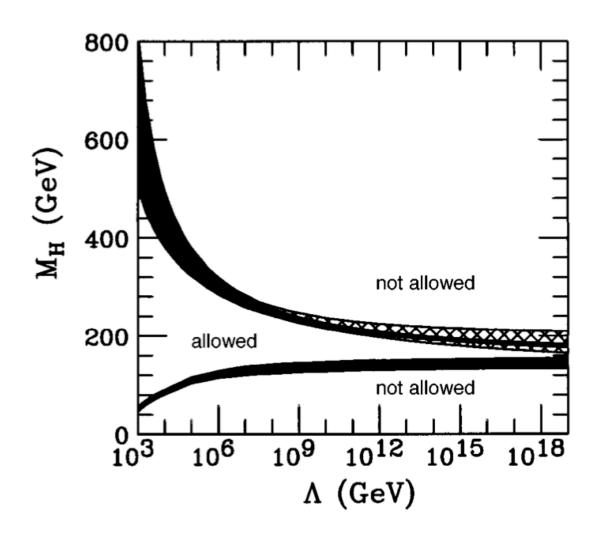
DPF Meeting Brown University August 9, 2011

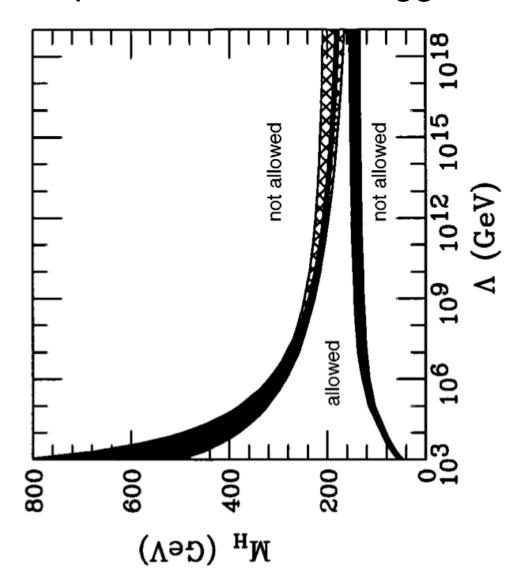
#### Outline of the talk

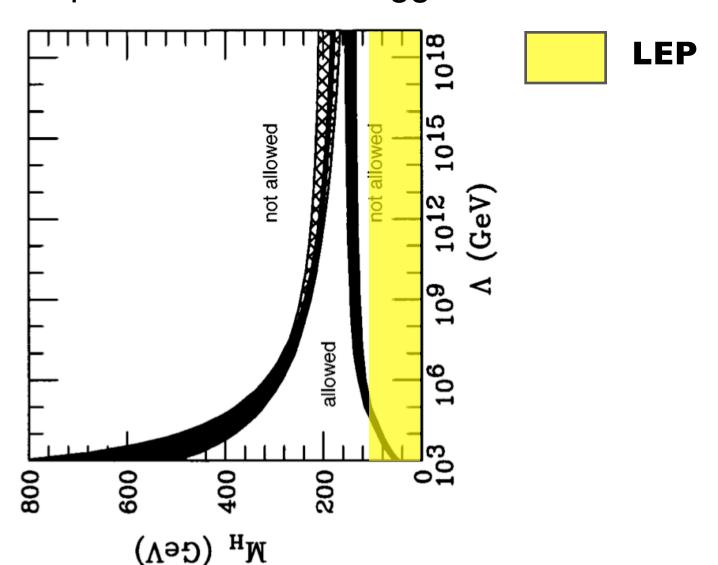
- The latest fashionable models? No.
  - Any given model is surely wrong
  - I haven't paid attention what they are

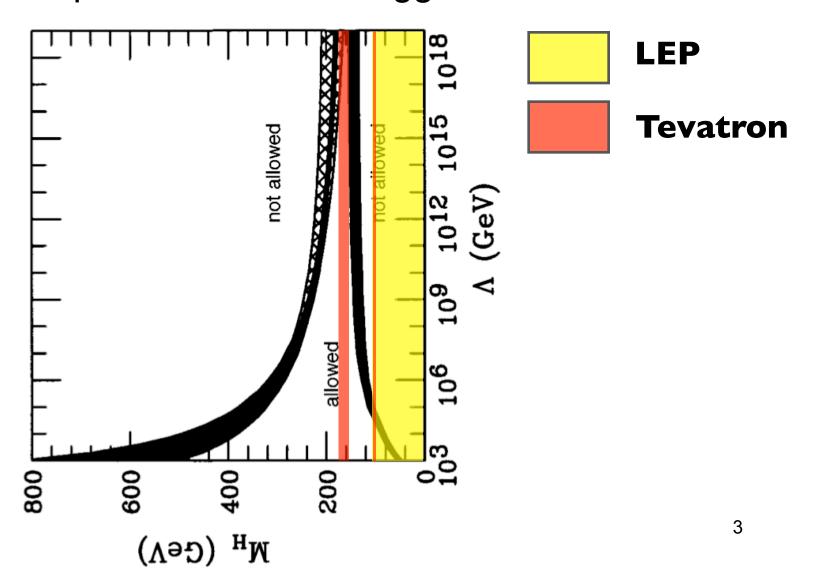
See review talks by C. Csaki at APS'09 L.-T. Wang at DPF'09

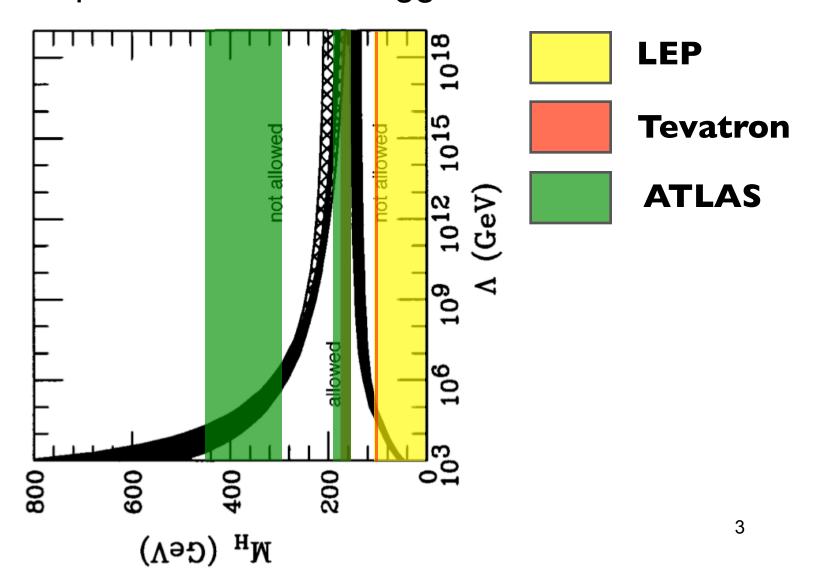
- Let me instead talk about the HEP sociology.
  - interactions between theorists and experimentalists
  - the role of phenomenologists (model builders)
  - how best to make sense of the LHC results
    - experimentalists: please try to present your results in a modelindependent way
    - theorists: please feel free to go ahead and analyze your own models
- Example
  - same-sign di-leptons and missing energy signaţure

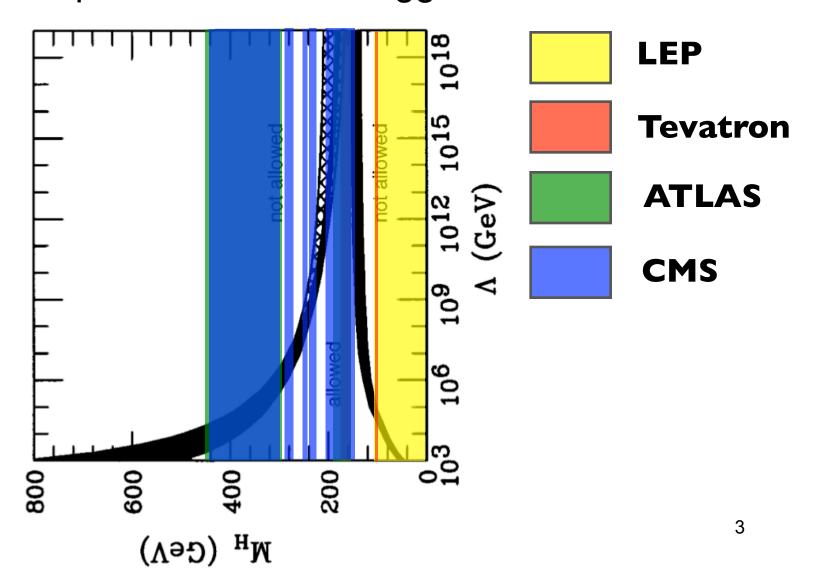












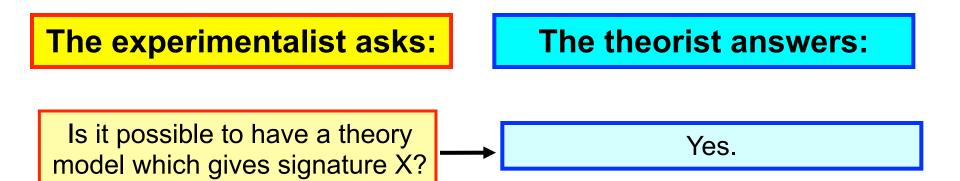
by a theorist/phenomenologist/experimentalist

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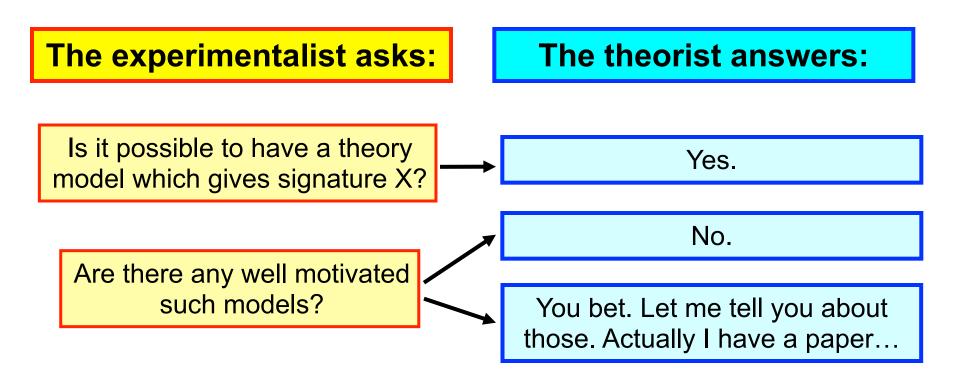
The experimentalist asks:

The theorist answers:

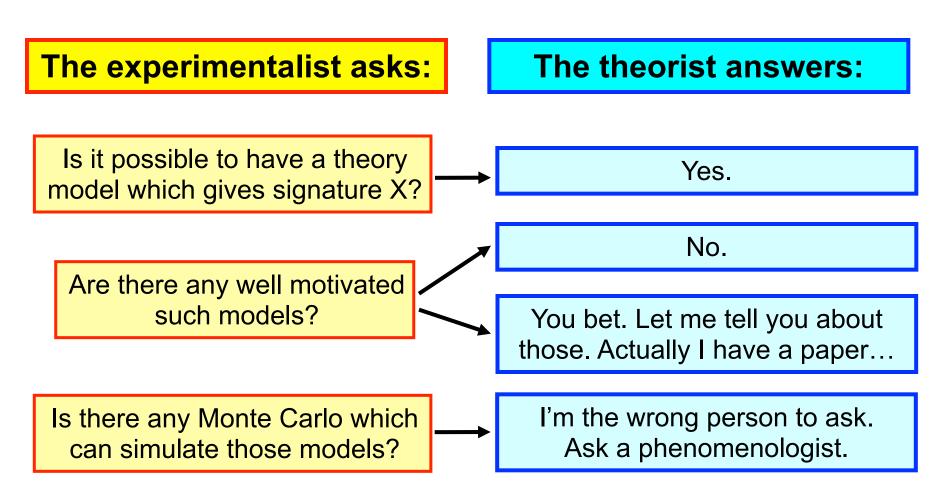
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by a theorist/phenomenologist/experimentalist



MC4BSM workshops: http://theory.fnal.gov/mc4bsm//

# MC4BSM workshops

- Held annually\* since 2006:
  - Fermilab, 2006
  - Princeton, 2007
  - CERN, 2008
  - UC Davis, 2009 (jointly with "Missing Energy" workshop)
  - Copenhagen, 2010
  - Cornell, 2012
- Goal: "to gather together theorists and experimentalists interested in developing and using Monte Carlo tools for Beyond the Standard Model Physics in an attempt to be prepared for the analysis of data focusing on the LHC"
- BSM tool repositories:
  - http://www.phys.ufl.edu/~matchev/MC4BSM/writers.html
  - http://www.ippp.dur.ac.uk/montecarlo/BSM/
- Organizing committee(s):
  - H.-C. Cheng, C. Grojean, J. Hubisz, J. Lykken, K. Matchev, S. Mrenna, M. Perelstein, P. Skands.

Men

#### Other venues

- A sister European workshop: "TOOLS"
  - TOOLS 2006, Annecy
  - TOOLS 2008, MPI Munich
  - TOOLS 2010, Southampton
- LHC Olympics
  - CERN 2005, 2006
  - KITP Santa Barbara 2006
  - Princeton 2007
- Graduate-level summer schools
  - PiTP 2005, Princeton
  - PiTP 2007, Princeton
  - TASI 2011, Boulder
    - CompHEP/CalcHEP
    - PYTHIA
    - PGS
    - **MicrOMEGAs**







**TASI 2011** 



The stream of LHC data has changed the picture

The stream of LHC data has changed the picture

**Experimentalist answers:** 

The theorist asks:

The stream of LHC data has changed the picture

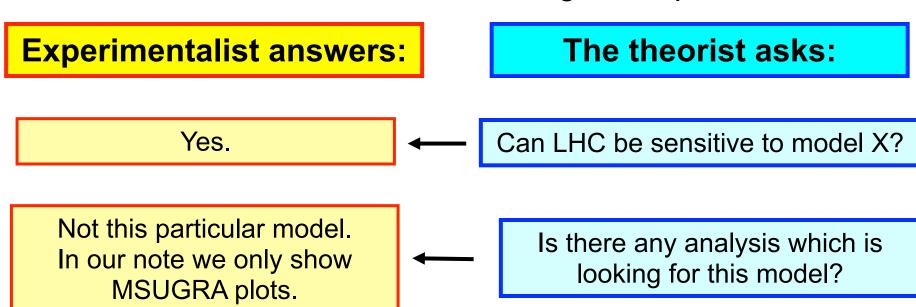
Experimentalist answers:

The theorist asks:

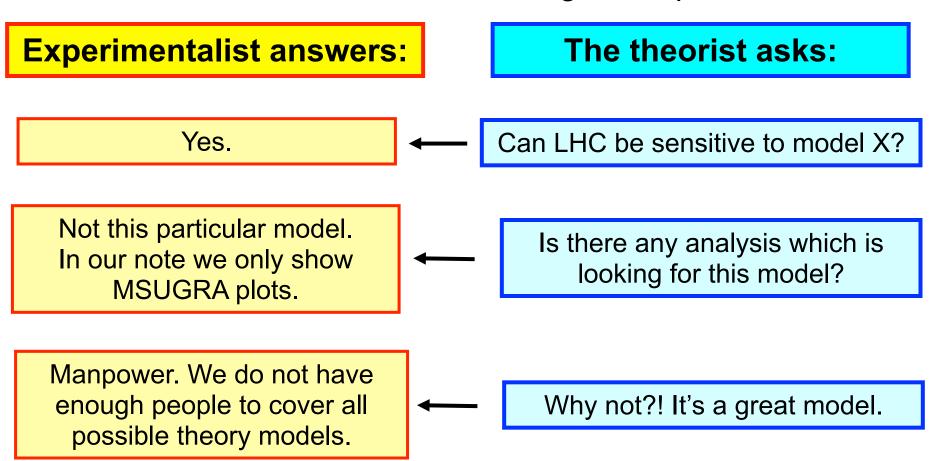
Yes.

Can LHC be sensitive to model X?

The stream of LHC data has changed the picture



The stream of LHC data has changed the picture



### How does this problem arise?

- Number of theory models N<sub>models</sub>
- Number of theorists N<sub>theorists</sub>
- Number of experimentalists, e.g. represented by ATLAS/CMS authors Nauthors
  - only some are doing physics: NauthorsDP
    - even fewer are <u>really</u> doing physics: NauthorsRDP
- The hierarchical ordering is as follows:

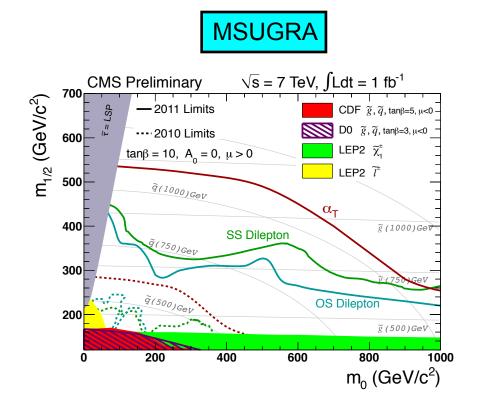
N<sub>models</sub> ~ N<sub>theorists</sub> ~ N<sub>authors</sub> > N<sub>authorsDP</sub> >> N<sub>authorsRDP</sub>

#### Furthermore...

 Even within a given BSM model, there are many input parameters, presenting results in the full parameter space is quite labor intensive.

Generic SUSY





# The simplified model approach

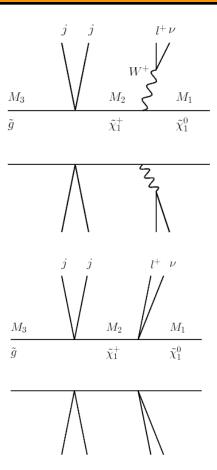
$$\sigma \times BR \times \epsilon \times L = N_{events}$$

- Identify a relevant event topology
- Parameterize the efficiency in terms of the relevant masses (M<sub>1</sub>,M<sub>2</sub>,M<sub>3</sub>)
- Quote a limit on the raw signal rate

$$\sigma \times BR = \frac{N_{events}}{\epsilon \times L}$$

- The result can be immediately recycled and applied to other models
- Who should calculate  $\epsilon(M_1, M_2, M_3)$ ?

#### 2 SS leptons+MET



10

### Who calculates the efficiency?

- Ideally, the experimentalists.
  - they are the ones who know their detector best
  - but... limited manpower

#### Theorists

- lots of manpower
- must rely on publicly available (often unvalidated) detector simulation software
  - cmsjet, atlfast, delphes, PGS (pretty good simulation),...

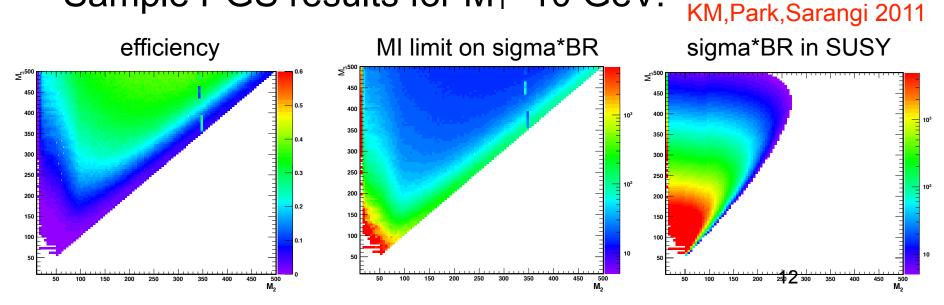
#### Both

- experimentalists provide emulation of the detector response (channel by channel?)
- theorists use it in lieu of PGS to compute the limit

### 2 SS leptons + MET channel

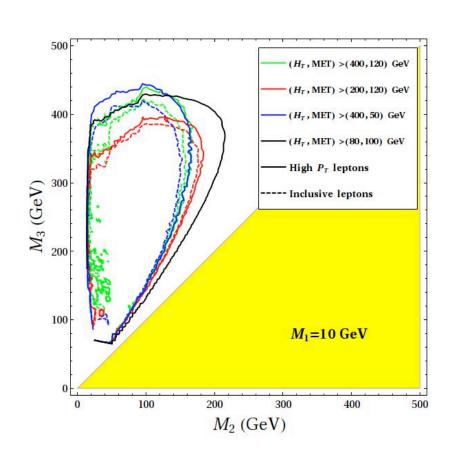
**CMS PAS SUS-11-010** 

- Two preselection strategies
  - Inclusive (low P<sub>T</sub>) leptons, high H<sub>T</sub>>200 GeV
  - High P<sub>T</sub> leptons (20,10), low H<sub>T</sub>>80 GeV
- Four sets of (H<sub>T</sub>,MET) cuts:
  - -(400,120), (200,120), (400,50), (80,100)
- Sample PGS results for M₁=10 GeV:



#### Model-independent\* SUSY reach

- Combination of the exclusion contours for all 7 search regions
- The same procedure can be applied to other theory models which exhibit the same event topology (UED, ...)
- For a similar analysis
   of the multijet channel,
   See Alves, Izaguirre, Wacker 2011

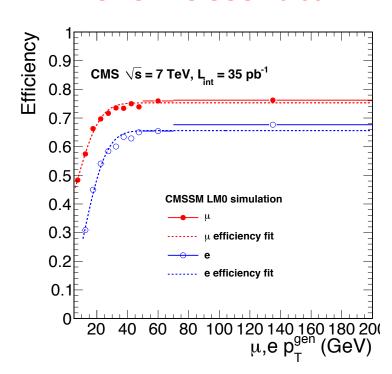


#### Alternative method: emulation

- The experiments provide fits to the average reconstruction efficiencies
  - e, mu and tau
  - now also for H<sub>T</sub> and MET
- The curves are derived for a given benchmark point (LM0 or LM6)
- Correction for busy events
  - more likely to fail isolation

$$\epsilon(p_T, N_{trk}) = p_1 + p_2 \left( erf\left(\frac{p_T - p_T^{thr}}{p_3}\right) - 1 \right) - 0.1 \frac{N_{trk} - 25}{10}$$

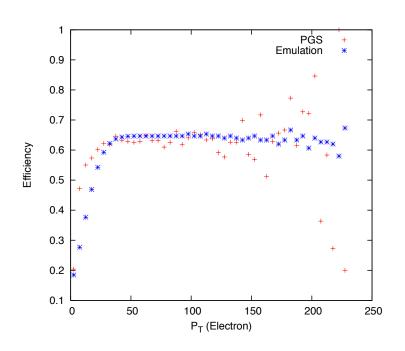
#### **CMS PAS SUS-10-004**

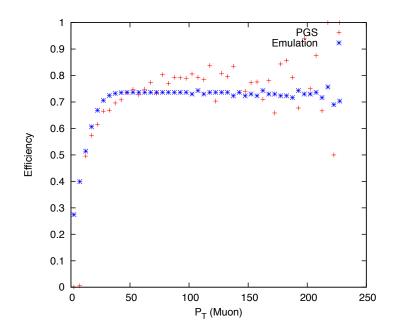


# How "good" is PGS?

- Comparison of PGS output to CMS emulation
  - lepton efficiencies at LM0 study point

KM, Park, Sarangi 2011





#### Conclusions

- Experimental collaborations:
  - try to present limits on sigma\*BR in the general space of masses instead of specific models
  - where possible, publish emulations of the reconstruction efficiencies
- Theorists: DIY!



**Theorists** 

And so, my fellow Americans:

#### The LHC

ask not what your country can do for you -

#### The LHC

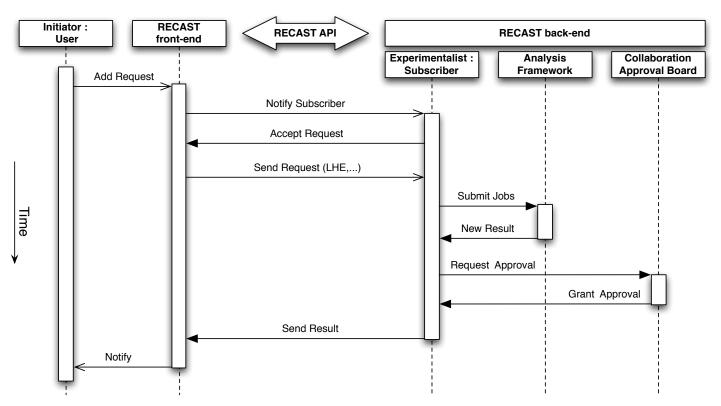
ask what you can do for your country.

# **BACKUPS**

### One possible approach: RECAST

 Theorists ask the experimentalists very nicely to present limits for multiple models





#### The vicious circle

- Problem: even the minimal SUSY model (MSSM) has too many parameters
  - solution: take benchmark points within some good theory models with much fewer parameters (MSUGRA, GMSB)
- Problem: what is a good theory model?
  - solution(?): we don't know. Popular doesn't mean "good".
- Problem: then by focusing on these benchmark points we might be missing something important.
  - solution: look at benchmark points in non-minimal models
- Problem: but the non-minimal models have a lot of parameters again...
  - solution: then go back to the minimal models.